

est Banker wants to meet Dayan before deciding Geneva envoys

By ANAN SAFARI
at MidEast Affairs Editor

Minister of Defense Moshe Dayan, local Arab politicians expect a central member of any man delegation at Geneva, at night that he was seeking a meeting with Foreign Minister Dayan to check on whether he would be prepared to late eventual self-liquidation for the Palestinians at Middle East peace conference.

Dayan, who asked that his name be withheld, said he and his associates would determine the nature of the current feelings on the dispute of representation from the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

In an interview with The Jerusalem Post, the man said that, Israel's stand on the future of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, "pragmatic" local leaders to Geneva. "Even if the

Palestine Liberation Organization agreed" to their candidacy. The alternative, he added, would be the participation of "demagogues who have neither social nor moral authority" to conduct negotiations.

He rejected the U.S.-Israel working paper call for "discussing" (rather than "negotiating") the issues of the West Bank and Gaza. "Why go all the way to Geneva for discussion? We may as well hold a symposium in Jerusalem," he said.

"The key issue is self-determination," the dignitary said, stressing that this goal should be guaranteed within the framework of negotiations or coexistence between Israel and the administered territories. "It is an equal footing."

Asked whether he was not setting pre-conditions for the Geneva talks, he said: "But Israel did by saying no pullback to the pre-1967 frontiers, no independent Palestinian state and no negotiations with the PLO."

When pressed for his vision of an ultimate settlement, he said:

(Continued on page 3 col. 2)

Dayan: U.S. pledged not to cut aid

By JUDY SIEGEL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan said last night that U.S. President Jimmy Carter and Secretary of State Cyrus Vance had promised him during his recent Washington trip that the U.S. would not pressure Israel by cutting military or economic aid.

"Vance promised that he would make a public statement to that effect," Dayan told participants in the United Jewish Appeal 1977 Study Conference at the Jerusalem Hilton Hotel last night.

"I am still waiting for that statement."

The foreign minister dismissed reports that his recent discussions with President Carter were "brutal." They were, rather, useful and constructive, he said. "If they were difficult it was not due to the manner but the topic. I was shocked that the (American) honestly think we are not as forthcoming about peace as the Arabs."

Israel realizes that "we can't get peace in the Middle East without" the U.S., Dayan added. The issues are too complicated, and the Arabs won't sit down with Israel directly.

Dayan said he was disturbed by the Carter Administration's references to the "legitimate rights" of the Palestinians and the need for a "Palestinian homeland." Most upsetting was the American cooperation on Middle East policy with the Soviet Union. Under previous American presidents, he said, the policy was to get the Russians out.

U.S. vice-chairman Gordon Zuckerman, who led the mission of 200 American contributors, said the participants pledged \$6.2m. during the conference, which closed last night after a week of talks and discussions.

Arms flow continues

Dr. Pinhas Sussman, Director-General of the Defence Ministry, reported on his return from the U.S. yesterday that the supply of arms and defence equipment from that country is continuing without delay and according to plan.

New devaluation —dollar rate is now IL10.41

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Another devaluation, of 1.98 per cent, came into force last night. It raised the exchange rate for the U.S. dollar from IL10.21 to IL10.41, and the exchange rate for the currency basket from IL10.97 to IL10.76.

Dollars bought for travel abroad will now cost IL11.97 each.

As usual, a levy equivalent to the devaluation will be placed on the foreign-currency balances held by the banks, and the export incentives for exporters will be raised in accordance with the rate of devaluation.

As of today, the exchange rate will be IL17.48 for one pound sterling, IL4.88 for one Swiss franc, IL4.66, and French franc IL4.15.

The last creeping devaluation took effect on September 9.

Cholera epidemic reaches Rumania

VIENNA (AP). — The cholera epidemic which spread through the Middle East in recent weeks has apparently reached Rumania, Austrian television (ORF) reported yesterday.

Rhodesians kill black guerrillas

SALISBURY (AP). — Rhodesian troops killed 20 black nationalist guerrillas and five blacks "actively aiding" a guerrilla band, the Rhodesian military said here yesterday.

A communiqué also blamed guerrillas for the deaths of six black civilians who, it said, were "brutally murdered."

ce on 'Meet the Press' 'tragic' if procedure issues not solved soon

By WOLF BLITZER
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

NGTON. — Secretary of State Cyrus Vance yesterday warned it would be "tragic" if the "procedural and substantial" matters standing in the way of a reconvened Geneva conference were not resolved.

In an interview with NBC's "Meet the Press" programme, he said that the principal remaining issues of the conference were the status of Palestinian representation and the "organization of the groups after the opening

He said that substantial progress has been made. Everyone has agreed that "a Palestinian voice" must be heard in the negotiations at Geneva and that these Palestinians should be part of the united Arab delegation. The Middle East parties also agree, Vance continued, that the conference should be divided into "bilateral and multilateral" working groups.

The secretary, asked to list the most pressing foreign policy matters now facing the U.S., said that the Arab-Israeli conflict was the most urgent matter, followed by strategic

(Continued on page 3, col. 6)

Dayan does some explaining out his Knesset speech

By DAVID LANDAU
Jerusalem Post Diplomatic Correspondent

Minister Moshe Dayan tried to explain away, to the U.S. Government, the "secret" in his speech last Thursday which implied that there is a self-agreement beyond the October 6 paper and the joint statement.

"Difficulties were created yesterday when, etc.," in its lead story, the Washington Post picked up by the news. Coming as it did after the official denial by the State Department spokesman on Friday of agreement, it threatened to rate relations between Israel and Washington.

Dayan's comments, it was agreed that both sides use official statements, in to newsmen's questions, the matter. The Israeli Ministry spokesman's statement has been extensive discussion between Israel and the U.S. on the participation of Israel in the Geneva conference.

U.S. clearly understands Israel's position in this matter as expressed in detail during the conversations which Foreign Minister Dayan had in the U.S. and which is expressed in the minutes of those conversations.

Officials here indicated that they expected a similar statement from an authoritative American spokesman.

Cabinet ministers, who asked Dayan yesterday about the apparent discrepancy between his Knesset statement — in which he spoke of "complete agreement with the U.S. that not a single PLO man take part" — and Washington's denial of any such agreement were apparently given the same explanation.

In fact, Dayan himself had gone some way towards correcting the impression created by his Knesset statement in a radio interview on Saturday (reported yesterday). In it he explained that there was no "written agreement" but that the U.S. nevertheless understood that Israel would not participate at Geneva if the PLO was there.

"I did not say that the U.S. had signed anything to this effect. However, the fact is that in its original formulation, in the first draft, there was a clause which stated that some low-level PLO men would participate in the joint delegation. This clause has been removed, and in the paper which has now been agreed on by the U.S. and

(Continued on page 3, col. 7)

gap between its capability and its mission

Lebanon army has to be invited south

THOMAS LIPPMAN
Jerusalem Post News Service

Newspapers in Beirut are photographs of the new Lebanese army, its weapons, its uniforms and its vehicles. But here in south Lebanon where the reconstructed facing its first real test, years to be a wide gap between its capability and its mission — the authority of the government over the region along the Israel

headquarters, the new is pretty much like the old w dozen lethargic men are smoking, drinking coffee, a few papers. Some wear caps, others berets. Some, others wear moccasins and heels. Some of their buttoned to the navel, excheats, others reveal red undershirts. They have only pistols.

They can be judged by the bound troops of the rear at even the field soldiers of army are not prepared to bobs in anger.

is to be deployed in the under the terms of a 28 cease-fire that ended fighting between Israeli and Palestinian terrorists

backed by their Lebanese leftist allies. The Lebanese Army, wholly incapable of intervening, sat it out in another part of the country, and the government's incapacity to move into the south only on the sufficiency of the warring factions there.

"They don't expect to have to fight, and if they do, the whole thing could fall apart," a Western military expert said.

A few days ago the government announced that officers of the new national army had taken "symbolic" control of three major military compounds in the south as a prelude to the deployment of troops into the area. But at the most important of the three, the barracks at the inland town of Nabatieh, the army of Lebanon is nowhere to be seen, except for four soldiers who have pitched a tent at a roadside checkpoint on the outskirts of town.

Nabatieh itself is patrolled by Palestinian terrorists, and the barracks is occupied by a handful of renegade troops of the "Lebanese Arab Army," a leftist faction that broke away from the national armed forces during the civil war. "I read that in the papers, about those of officers coming here," said Lebanese Arab Army captain Amin Kassem. "They were here as my guests. I am in command here."

The attempt to send the army into the south is seen by all factions in

this deeply divided country as a crucial indicator of whether Lebanon can again begin to govern itself after 18 months of civil war and a year in which the only real authority in the country has been the Syrian Army.

Lebanon's army, never very strong, disintegrated during the civil war. Some of its approximately 13,000 members took their weapons and joined one or another of the terrorist groups. Others simply went home. All continued to be paid.

Now a new commander, Brig. Gen. Victor Khoury, a respected tank officer, has assembled a force of about 1,100 men who are in garrison in the Bekaa Valley of eastern Lebanon, waiting for the order to go south.

They may have a long wait as political wrangling among Israel, Syria, the Palestine Liberation Organisation, the U.S. and the Lebanese government delays the withdrawal of the terrorist forces in the south that must precede the deployment of Khoury's troops. All parties agree that the army has neither the strength of arms nor the political cohesion to fight its way in and impose order, and must wait until it is invited to take over. But military analysts in Beirut say that may be advantageous to the army, giving it more precious time to



Two Dnab airport workers take garbage boxes from a hijacker of Lufthansa airliner yesterday. Two hours later the jet took off for Aden. (AP radiophoto)

Barak to Tavori: who leaked Flatto report?

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Attorney-General Aharon Barak yesterday wrote a strong letter to Police Inspector-General Haim Tavori asking him to investigate who leaked the police report on the Flatto-Sharon election bribery allegations.

Tavori had not received Barak's letter by late last night, and he was reportedly stung by the fact that the letter was officially released to the media, before Tavori knew anything about it.

The police should conduct a thorough inquiry, Barak urged, to find out who was responsible for the leak to the afternoon paper. Barak asked to be kept informed of the progress of the inquiry, and of its final results.

Yesterday afternoon Flatto-Sharon sent urgent telegrams to Barak, and to Interior Minister Yosef Burg, who is responsible for the police. In his protest, Flatto-Sharon also demanded an investigation and insisted that those responsible be punished. His rights as a citizen and as a Knesset Member had been prejudiced by the newspaper publication, he said.

According to "Yediot Aharonot," the police investigators found prima facie evidence purporting to show that the millionaire promised to pay for the construction of 4,000 seats in the Jaffa Maccabi soccer stadium. Of the 25 incidents investigated, the police found prima facie evidence in only a handful of cases, according to the newspaper.

It alleged that such evidence was found concerning charges: That when Dimona residents registered for housing they were told they would have to vote for Flatto-Sharon.

That election campaigners were told they would have to vote for Flatto-Sharon's list.

That Kiryat Shmona residents were promised that Flatto-Sharon would purchase hundreds of apartments to be rented out to them cheaply.

Practice call-up soon

Post Military Correspondent

The army spokesman yesterday announced that a practice call-up will be held soon and will involve several thousand reservists. This will be the third such exercise in the past nine months — the last was held on August 15.

The spokesman said that the procedure will be the same as that used in the past. Unit code-words will be broadcast over radio and television, and light aircraft will distribute leaflets over urban centres with the relevant code names printed on them.

The exercise will also involve reserve vehicles, which will be released immediately after registration.

In the past such exercises lasted less than 24 hours and reservists, who are asked to report immediately upon hearing their code-word, are usually home several hours after reporting.

Military officials have claimed satisfaction with past results.

Radio broadcasts may be shut down this afternoon

Jerusalem Post Reporter

All radio broadcasts except the news and magazines will be discontinued, if by 2 p.m. today, the radio employees do not and their work stoppage, which yesterday halted broadcasts on the First and Second Programmes.

The ultimatum was declared by the Broadcasting Authority's board of directors after a long meeting last night. The focus of the dispute was the radio's new programme schedule, which was approved recently by the Authority plenum and was to have gone into effect this week. The employees argued that they had not been consulted about the changes or given time to evaluate them.

The board members argued, however, that the work stoppage had caused serious injury to the listeners

and subverted the powers granted by law to the Authority.

Prior to the board meeting, Authority director-general Yitzhak Livni and director director Hagai Pinsker met with the staff committee and representatives of the Jerusalem Journalists Association. Authority spokesman Moshe Amirav maintained later that demands raised by the employees had "nothing to do" with the new programme schedule but involved organizational structure and employment.

The board of directors earlier approved the building of a TV and radio centre in Jerusalem's Ramot quarter to solve the "severe crowding problems" that exist in the now separate facilities in Romema and the Russian Compound areas. The plans will have to be approved by the government.

The board also approved a 20-year plan, in which hours of radio broadcasts would be increased but no new stations would be added. A new TV station that would be on the air eight hours a day is also included in the plan, which would cost an estimated IL30m. to IL40m. for 10 years.

Current facilities, said Livni, have only half of the "minimum space" required for decent programming.

Katz off to win more friends

Shmuel Katz, the Prime Minister's information adviser, left for a two-week mission to the U.S. yesterday. He will meet with the Reverend Billy Graham in an effort to enlist his support for Israel's cause. He will also meet with Jewish leaders, administration members, and tour universities. (Iltm)

IDF return to Lebanon only as last resort

By HIRSH GOODMAN
Post Military Correspondent

Israel will report to military action in southern Lebanon only if all other attempts to restore the cease-fire there fail. The Jerusalem Post was told last night.

Late last week Israel broke off negotiations with representatives of the Lebanese Army in the hope that the move would prod the U.S. into pressing the PLO to abide by the terms of the cease-fire. But at the same time Defence Minister Ezer

Forced landing in Aden Germany defies ultimatums of 4 hijackers

ADEN. — A hijacked West German Lufthansa jet airliner with 57 hostages aboard made a forced landing at Aden Airport yesterday despite the refusal of the South Yemen Government for permission to land. The West German Government defied two ultimatums yesterday and the 11 hijackers remained in their prisons in West Berlin, Hamburg, Cologne and Stuttgart.

The hijackers armed with plastic explosives and at least two guns left Dubei, saying that their massacre threat still stood and blaming the West German Government for any consequences.

The terrorists, who pirated the aircraft on a flight from Majorca, Spain, to Frankfurt on Thursday, said the price for the hostages was the release of 13 jailed terrorists — 11 in West Germany and two in Turkey — and payment of a ransom over \$15m.

The fate of industrialist Schleyer, who was kidnapped on September 5 by German terrorists in league with the hijackers, was not known. An appeal by Schleyer's son that the West German Government be ordered to surrender to the terrorists to save his father's life was rejected by the West German Supreme Court. (AP, UPI).

Brian Arthur, Jerusalem Post Correspondent in Bonn, adds: The West German Government, in resisting two ultimatums by German and Arab terrorists yesterday, gave the clearest indication to date that it does not intend to give in to their demands.

The government so far has argued that it will do everything in its power to save the lives of Schleyer and the plane hostages, but it has not committed itself publicly on a course of action.

The tough line which Chancellor Helmut Schmidt and his advisers appear to be taking developed after it became clear that the hijackers were acting in union with the kidnapers of Schleyer.

It is generally believed that Schleyer's captors were becoming fed up with Bonn's delaying tactics for the past month and called for the Lufthansa action as a means of putting "teeth" into their demands.

Eight die on roads as first rains cause slick conditions

Jerusalem Post Staff

The first rains of the season caused havoc on the roads early yesterday morning, resulting in eight deaths and some 60 injuries in accidents throughout the country.

Most of the worst accidents occurred in the north where the rains were heaviest. Three people were killed on the Nazareth road, when a taxi skidded on the slippery surface and slammed into a tree on the roadside. One person was killed, on the Haifa road and 30 passengers were hurt, some seriously, when a bus crashed in Nazareth. A six-year-old girl was killed in Haifa when a car skidded out of control and struck her while she was waiting at a bus-stop.

which clogged many drainage channels and pipes and turned many streets quickly into lakes. Cars drove through them slowly and carefully, or avoided them, and traffic was slowed down to a crawl.

The main traffic problems in Tel Aviv were caused by the failure of the traffic light system. A city spokesman said that an electricity blackout knocked out some of the traffic lights on the Haifa road, while those along Dizengoff and Ben-Gurion Streets stopped working when water short-circuited the wiring system. A car slamming into an electric pole along the traffic lights in the Allenby and Yarkon areas. All but the lights on Allenby Street were repaired within a half hour.

In other parts of the country, a pedestrian was killed when a bus struck him in Rehovot, and a child was killed in a hit-and-run accident just outside Jerusalem. The eighth death occurred in an accident in Ashkelon.

A spokesman for the meteorological service at Beit Dagon told The Jerusalem Post last night that the heavy rains took forecasters somewhat by surprise, with a barometric low moving in from the west far more quickly than anticipated. Sharer weather had been forecast for several parts of the country, including Jerusalem and Haifa.

In Jerusalem, heavy rains and high winds caught many residents, lightly dressed for the forecasted 34-degree shavar, unprepared. There were a number of road accidents, but no serious injuries. Most damage was caused when a car skidded along Agmon Street, hitting no fewer than nine parked cars and causing thousands of pounds worth of damage. A serious traffic jam was caused at the junction of Herzog and Ben-Zvi streets when a truck loaded with light drinks rammed a petrol tanker, scattering bottles in all directions.

Farmers had mixed feelings about the country's rains since the spring. Peanut farmers have already harvested some 80 per cent of their crop, so expect damage to be minimal. Likewise the cotton crop, which has also largely been harvested. At most, the Cotton Marketing Board expects harvesting in the worst affected areas to be held up for a day or two while the ground dries out.

Citrus farmers were happier with the rains, but were disappointed that they did not last longer as this would have saved them the job of irrigating their trees.

Debate on Independence fete as Knesset reconvenes today

By ASHER WALLFISH
Post Knesset Reporter

The Ninth Knesset opens its winter term at 4 o'clock this afternoon with a report by Speaker Yitzhak Shamir on his participation at the Council of Europe session in Luxembourg from which he returned before the weekend.

The final item today, which will spark much controversy, is the Government bill to extend the terms of office of the two Chief Rabbis, and postpone new elections for those posts (see page two).

The other two sessions this week, tomorrow and Wednesday, will deal mainly with humdrum items. Next week, however, the parliamentary barometer will point to stormy when Premier Menachem Begin, as is expected, presents three new Ministers and seeks the approval of the House. This will give the opposition the opportunity for a heavy onslaught against the Government.

One innovation for the opening of the winter term is the provision of an annex to the Members' restaurant which Knesset officials, faction officials, and journalists may not enter. This new arrangement is to meet the demand of a number of MKs who complained they wanted to be alone when they supped or dined, and grumbled that they had to wait interminably to get service in the main MKs' restaurant, because there were more non-MKs than MKs crowding the tables.

(The outlook — Page 8)



LIFE INSURANCE

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Partly cloudy to cloudy, with temporary showers and possible thunderstorms mainly in northern and central areas.

Yesterday's Humidity	Today's Max	Today's Min
Jerusalem 56	17-21	10
Golan 49	17-22	10
Nahariya 89	18-27	24
Safad 87	18-26	18
Rafiah Port 58	22-30	24
Theriac 83	22-30	24
Nazareth 78	19-24	21
Afula 82	19-26	15
Shomron 80	18-20	15
Tel Aviv 60	20-26	14
B-G Airport 64	18-27	15
Jericho 38	22-32	24
Gaza 59	22-25	24
Beersheba 40	18-26	15
Eilat 41	19-34	32
Tina Straits 33	22-34	32

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Gaza 59	22-25	24
Beersheba 40	18-26	15
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Tina Straits 33	22-34	32

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

President Ephraim Katzir yesterday received a delegation of 100 Jewish National Fund activists from Britain, at Beit Hanassi. He also received Dr. Avner Solovay, who presented him with a copy of his book, "Who is a Jew?"

"Marriage and Divorce" - Modern Problems and Remedies" will be discussed this evening in English, at 8 o'clock at the Hebrew University Forum by Rabbi Theodore Friedman and Professor Zeev Falk. The meeting will be at the United Synagogue, 2 Rehov Agon, Jerusalem.

In Memoriam

A memorial evening to mark the 20th day since the death of the composer Nahum Nardi was held at the Tavria hall in Tel Aviv yesterday. The evening, which was organized by the Tel Aviv Municipality and the Tavria Club, was attended by Mayor Shlomo Lahat.

Son of Mexican president here

Economist Jose Ramon Lopez Portillo, son of the President of Mexico, arrived last night by private plane from Spain for a five-day private visit. The 34-year-old Lopez Portillo, who heads the data section of Mexico's planning institute, was met at the airport by President Katzir's aide-de-camp, Alur-Mishne Yisrael Yarkoni.

The visitor, who said this was a business trip, will tour the Weizmann Institute and the Technion, where he said he wants to look into solar energy and irrigation. He will meet tomorrow morning with President Katzir.

Dancers to S. Africa

A party of 40, from the Bat-Dor dance company, left yesterday morning for a four-week tour of South Africa. They are scheduled to open in Johannesburg tomorrow. They took with them more than seven tons of sets, costumes, lighting and sound equipment, and thousands of souvenir programmes. Just before they left the company received an invitation for Bat-Dor to take part in next year's Cervantino dance festival in Mexico.

Technion classes start

HAIFA. — About 8,500 students, among them 1,100 freshmen, began studies at the Technion yesterday as the new academic year opened. Some 6,500 are working for a first degree. Courses also opened at the pre-academic centre (part of the Technion's extension division), which will coach 550 pupils for entry into the Technion next year.

A memorial meeting and unveiling of the tombstone of our dear and unforgettable

EVA WEISS

will take place Tuesday, October 18, 1977, at 3.30 p.m. at the new cemetery, Kfar Samir. A special bus will leave at 3.00 p.m. from the bereaved's house at 15 Eshman St., Haifa. We thank all those who have expressed their sympathy in person and in writing.

In the name of the bereaved family
Ruth and Gideon Schier

In great sorrow, I announce the passing of my dear wife

LENE NATH

The funeral will leave today, Monday, October 17, 1977 at 10 a.m. from the Rambam Hospital for the new Kfar Samir cemetery, Haifa.

Hans Mer Nath

On the thirtieth day after the passing of

Dr. NAFTALI ROSENSTEIN

there will be a memorial meeting tomorrow, Tuesday, October 18, 1977, at 4.00 p.m. at the Kiryat Anavim Cemetery.

Members of Kiryat Anavim

With deep sorrow, we announce the death of

FLORA BEN DROR

at the age of 82.
Her Husband
Her Son
Her Grandchildren
Her Great-grandchildren
Elisabeth Hephatha

Coalition may lose first vote in Knesset today

By JUDY SIEGEL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The coalition stands to lose its first vote in the Knesset today if a majority of the House fails to pass a government-sponsored bill to extend the terms of office of the chief rabbis by one year.

The legislation was necessitated by a legal opinion issued by Attorney-General Aharon Barak last month. In it he stated that Religious Affairs Minister Abaron Abuhazzeira, who is responsible for preparing the rabbinic elections, cannot postpone them without a legal extension of tenure by the Knesset. The five-year terms of the two chief rabbis and of the Chief Rabbinic Council run out on Wednesday.

Barak would not comment last night on what would happen if the vote failed. But, *The Jerusalem Post* learned that could open up a Pandora's box of legal complications. The rabbis' salaries could be withheld, and Chief Rabbi Ovadia Yosef and Shlomo Goren might find themselves bereft of their powers.

(Rabbi Yosef would continue to receive his salary as president of the Supreme Rabbinical Court, however.)

Ironically, Rabbi Bezalel Zolli — a candidate for Jerusalem chief rabbi who is vigorously opposed by Rabbi Goren — would automatically become president of the Supreme Rabbinical Court of Appeals by virtue of his being the most senior member of that body.

The chief rabbinic elections — always a victim of politics — have never been held on time. This time, Agudat Yisrael is backing Rabbi Yosef, who demands that the elections be held as soon as possible. It has been suggested that the Sephardi Chief Rabbi's aides believe he would have a better chance of being re-elected if the vote were held early. If it were postponed until after elections of local authorities next year, however, his position could be weakened.

Rabbi Yosef has petitioned the prime minister to insure that the chief rabbinic elections are held soon. His will meet with leaders of

the Democratic Movement for Change today and will request that they vote against the government bill.

Ashkenazi Chief Rabbi Goren, like the National Religious Party, unofficially favours a one-year extension; but he told the Chief Rabbinic Council last week that the elections should not be delayed more than is necessary.

Rabbi Charles Weinberg, a former president of the Rabbinical Council of America (Orthodox) and director-general of Rabbi Goren's office, told *The Jerusalem Post* that Rabbi Yosef and his staff have "conducted an ugly campaign" on the issue for the last two or three months. "The Sephardi chief rabbi has lost out to the Ashkenazi chief rabbi," he said. "The Ashkenazi chief rabbi has lost out to the Sephardi chief rabbi," he said. "The Ashkenazi chief rabbi has lost out to the Sephardi chief rabbi," he said. "The Ashkenazi chief rabbi has lost out to the Sephardi chief rabbi," he said.

ly opposes a delay in the elections, it will probably abstain in today's ballot. The NRP and most of the Likud will probably vote for an extension. The DMG tends to oppose the government bill.

MK Moshe Shaleh, Alignment faction chairman, told *The Post* that there is a "tendency in Labour to oppose a delay," and that he personally will vote against the bill.

"There's a definite possibility that it will not pass," he maintained.

Rabbi Menahem Hacohen of the Labour Party's moshav movement said that he will vote for an extension. At a faction meeting that will raise the issue today, Rabbi Hacohen will recommend that the party allow each MK to vote according to conscience. "There is no chance that the government bill will fail to pass," he added.

Meanwhile, Religious Affairs Minister Abuhazzeira said that he is not worried about the outcome of the vote, since "it's the government's — not mine." He has not prepared any "emergency plan" in the event of its failure, he said.

Demolition of 9 illegal Beduin homes deferred

Jerusalem Post Staff

BEERSHEBA. — A committee charged with settling some of the disputes between the Neguv Beduin and the government agreed to defer the destruction of nine illegal Beduin buildings, for which demolition orders have already been issued.

Representatives of the Beduin on the committee also promised to halt all unlicensed building, and not to move families into homes which have been finished illegally since September 28. That was the date Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon warned the Beduin that the government would crack down on unlicensed building and would not lease land to lawbreakers.

The chairman of the committee is Abraham Yoffe, representing the Agriculture Ministry. Former MK Hamad Abu Rabbia is among the Beduin representatives on the committee. The Lands Administration is also represented.

In the past two weeks seven Beduin homes have been demolished. Sharon suggested on September 28 that the Beduin might escape prosecution if they took down their illegal structures themselves. The government is offering cheap land and low-interest loans to relocate the Neguv Beduin in six or seven concentrations.

Liberals pick Moshe Nissim as their fourth minister

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT
Jerusalem Post Political Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Liberal Party's central committee yesterday overwhelmingly elected MK Moshe Nissim as the party's fourth cabinet minister.

It thus tacitly approved a deal whereby Nissim will be "Minister for Special Functions" (Sar Letafidim Meyuhadim), Minister Yitzhak Mordechai will assume the Transport portfolio in addition to Energy and Infrastructure, and MK Pessah Grupper will be deputy minister under Moshe Nissim.

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WEST BANK

(Continued from page one)

"Federated cantons. One for Israel, another for the West Bank, a third for the Gaza Strip and fourth mixed for Jerusalem." He added that Jordan could be the fifth "canton" in the complex, but stressed that there could be no Israeli military presence in the West Bank or Gaza.

Meanwhile, there have been reports that the Americans are sending out Palestinian Arabs here and abroad as possible candidates for the Geneva conference. The British too are reported to be showing an interest in delegating representatives from the West Bank and the Gaza Strip to the peace talks. A Foreign Office official, C.D. Powell, is said to be discussing the issue in Jerusalem.

Unconfirmed reports said the U.S. State Department might put forward a list of nominees for approval. If so, the Arab states are bound to discuss it with the PLO, which may give tacit approval — but not open endorsement, due to Israel's rejection of any PLO involvement.

Judging by the names being mentioned, only influential community leaders plus two mayors — one moderate and the other a PLO sympathizer — appear to be in the running. No avowed PLO supporters and no anti-PLO crusaders have been mentioned.

Syria's government newspaper "Nasr" yesterday noted progress in Israel's last recognition of some kind of Palestinian representation at the Geneva peace talks. While voicing criticism of the U.S.-Israel working paper concerning the procedural aspects of the Geneva talks, the paper said: "Despite all the negative aspects of the American-Israeli working paper, there is a noteworthy positive aspect, namely the obligation of the Israeli side to recognize the presence of the Palestinians."

"Nasr", however, lashed out at the working paper's "attempt" to exclude both Syria and the PLO from deliberations on the future of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

The PLO's central council is scheduled to meet in Damascus this week to discuss the notion of delegating Palestinians who are not known members of the PLO to Geneva.

The governments of Egypt, Syria and Jordan are clarifying with the U.S. certain clauses of the working paper, especially those concerning the structure of the working groups and the subjects they will be dealing with. The Arabs are reportedly seeking a formula reflecting their demands for total Israeli withdrawal to the 1967 frontiers and Palestinian "national" rights in return for negotiating peace treaties with Israel.

Israel National XI loses 2-1 in Paris

PARIS (Reuter). — The French First Division soccer team, Paris St. Germain, beat Israel's national team 2-1 in a friendly match here yesterday, before a crowd of 25,000. The 0-0 score at the end of the first half was broken by St. Germain's M'Pelle in the 47th minute, equalized by Israeli player E. minutes later. St. Germain's goal was matched by Justic last minute of the game.

Yankees hold 3-1 advantage

LOS ANGELES (AP). — Reggie Jackson touched off a three-run New York rally with a double and later walloped a home run, backing the brilliant four-hit pitching of Ron Guidry and leading the Yankees to a 4-2 victory over the Los Angeles Dodgers in Saturday's fourth of the 1977 baseball World Series. The victory gave the Yankees a commanding 3-1 advantage in the best-of-seven series and one away from their first world championship since 1918.

Exchange visits to U.S. for \$250

TEL AVIV (Him). — An exchange programme in which local groups will visit a U.S. city for 10 days was announced here yesterday by Moshe Shaleh, President of Viasay Israel Ltd., and chairman of the public committee dealing with this project. The programme is organized by "Friendship Force," a volunteer American organization whose headquarters are in Atlanta, Georgia and which was founded by President Carter when he served as Governor of Georgia. (It is now run by his wife, Rosalynn.)

The 10-day programme includes the trip and a four-day stay at the home of a local resident, with the cost, which is standard to visitors from all countries, is \$250, inclusive of the fare. Israel will have to pay tax. At the same time, a U.S. official will visit Israel. According to the "Friendship Force," the host city is not revealed at registration. However, it is that the first group of scheduled to leave January, he made up of Tel Aviv residents.

At the time of registration, the U.S. official will be asked to agree to a friend or to host a U.S. visitor at the time they are visiting an American. Registration will begin on 20 at the offices of the F. Project, America House, Shaul Hamelech, Tel Aviv, Thursday, 10 a.m.-12 noon.

VANCE

(Continued from page one)

armies with the Soviet Union and the question of Southern Africa. That is why the Garter Administration has been devoting so much of its time to recovering the Geneva conference, he said.

Vance made the point that the U.S. in recent weeks and months, has not been merely discussing procedural questions with Israel and the Arab states. President Jimmy Carter and he had spent "a great deal of time" discussing "substance" with the parties.

Vance would neither confirm nor deny that Carter is considering adding Saudi Arabia to his foreign tour late next month because of the very important meeting of the oil-producing countries in December. The President, who will visit Latin America, Africa, and Europe, has already included Iran in his schedule.

Although U.S. officials deny any link between Arab-Israeli diplomacy and the price of oil, it is clear that U.S. efforts to achieve diplomatic progress are affected by Saudi oil pressure.

During the interview, Vance once again denied that Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan's talks with Carter were "brutal."

On other Middle East matters, he made three points:

• The U.S.-Israeli working paper on procedures for Geneva "does not deal with" the question of PLO representation there. How the Palestinians will be selected was a matter "that still has to be worked out."

• The U.S. still believes any settlement must lead to a "Palestinian homeland." He did not elaborate. Asked whether the U.S. supports some sort of Palestinian entity on the West Bank that would have an Arab civilian government with an Israeli military presence, the secretary replied that "it was not good to go into details" of any of the possible U.S. approaches to resolving this question.

• He doubts whether he will have to go back to the Middle East in the near future to try to resolve outstanding differences.

• The U.S. Soviet statement on the Middle East was "not lightly done." It was "very carefully considered" and issued as a "stimulus to the parties" to begin dealing with the issues that would have to be dealt with "once the Geneva conference began."

Asked whether the Geneva conference could be convened without a Syrian presence, Vance merely replied that he did not want to deal with "iffy" questions.

Barak publishes opinion on Sharon

Attorney-General Aharon Barak yesterday published his legal opinion on the future of Minister Ariel Sharon should give up his emergency reserve command in the army.

In a letter to Defence Minister Ezer Weizman dated September 2 (its contents were recently leaked to the press), Barak quoted from his own opinion on Sharon's command prepared two years earlier, when Sharon served as then-Premier Yitzhak Rabin's adviser on counter-terrorism.

A CIVIL DEFENCE exercise will be held this evening in Lydda town and Ben-Gurion Airport. On Wednesday and Thursday, streets will be tested in the central part of the country, with the participation of Air Force planes. In the event of a real alarm, rising and falling tones will be sounded.

Police raids net 11 in stolen goods

TEL AVIV. — In a series of dawn to dusk raids yesterday, police recovered an estimated 11M worth of stolen goods. Six men were arrested.

A police spokesman said that following a series of recent break-

Former Defence Department official in 'Armed Forces Journal'

'Israel becoming a liability to U.S.'

WASHINGTON (UPI). — A former Defence Department official yesterday called for a major reassessment of U.S. policy on arming Israel because the Jewish State was becoming so militarily powerful it could become "a permanent liability" for Washington.

Israel was becoming so strong militarily that under new aggressive leadership it might launch and win a lightning war before the Big Powers could intervene, said Anthony Cordesman in an eight-page article in "Armed Forces Journal," an unofficial monthly publication.

The article, on the Arab-Israeli balance, said that Israel could seriously jeopardize U.S. security and even lead to a confrontation with the Soviet Union.

Cordesman served as secretary of the Defence Intelligence Board and as assistant deputy defence secretary. He was also on the staff of the intelligence section of the Pentagon's systems analysis and a member of the U.S. delegation to Nato and the Nato international staff.

He called for an open, frank debate on arming Premier Menachem Begin's aggressive stance by limiting arms deliveries to purely defence needs.

The administration and Congress, he said, were intimidated against checking the enormous money and arms flow to Israel by the Israeli lobby and American Jews who seem to put the State of Israel before U.S. national interests and who "use anti-Semitism and a new holocaust as a moral club" against any criticism.

"Nations have no permanent alliances but only permanent interests," Cordesman said. "The U.S. has no permanent interest in Israel, and may now be acquiring something perilously close to a 'permanent liability.'"

He said that the destabilizing factor in the Middle East today "may be Israel, not the Arabs."

The deployment of new weaponry since the 1973 war had allowed Israel to correct most of its previous imbalance in combined arms, Cordesman said. "Israel is acquiring large numbers of artillery and anti-tank missiles, greatly improved land-based air defences, penetration aids, and defence suppression weapons, and tank-killing air munitions necessary to restore the effectiveness of its air force."

"The Arabs, however, have so far been able to make only limited improvements in their forces and still lack the equipment they need," and promised aid from Saudi Arabia had not materialized.

And yet, he said, Israel's arms and aid demands continue to escalate.

"Israel has gone from a society that spent 5 to 15 per cent of its Gross National Product on defence in 1959-1967 to one that spent 17 to 30 per cent in 1967-73 and which now spends up to 45 per cent," Cordesman said.

He was highly critical of Begin, who at one point he described as a "former terrorist" who should be equated with PLO leader Yasser Arafat.

"Begin's public statements made clear he intends to abuse the U.S.-Israel alliance to permanently seize control of West Bank towns and territory that have no desire to be part of Israel," he said.

Cordesman said Washington has "powerful tools to change this situation if it can break out of its own political constraints." It should use them to slow down arms and spare-parts supply and credit without endangering Israel's security.

Travex Ltd Jerusalem
Welcomes
The Netherland-Israel Symposium
on
"The Impact of Persecution"
Ma'ale Hahamisha, October 16-21, 1977

U.S. asked to help prisoners of Zion

By SARAH HONIG
Jerusalem Post Reporter

AVIV. — Former Prisoners of Zion are petitioning the U.S. State Department to work for the release of currently imprisoned in the U.S. because they wish to return to Israel.

A petition, being circulated by former Prisoners of Zion, is personally addressed to Arthur Goldberg, head of U.S. delegation. The former prisoners declare in the petition that they are an outcast in Israel and are still suffering in Soviet concentration camps for their desire to return to their own people in Israel.

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kel Pularevich (IPPA)

Helsinki agreements on human rights. According to Yeheskel Pularevich, the petition will be circulated in Israel for signing by Zionist prisoners from the USSR and other Eastern European countries, such as Poland, Rumania, Czechoslovakia and Hungary. Pularevich, head of the Organization of Prisoners of Zion from the USSR, told the press yesterday that there are over 1,000 former prisoners in the country, but they comprise about 10 per cent of the Soviet bloc's total number of Prisoners of Zion. "The other 90 per cent did not survive their ordeal, died after torture and have disappeared in unmarked graves beneath the Siberian snows," he said.

He estimated that today there are 25 Prisoners of Zion in Soviet camps. "But these are the people openly arrested and charged with political offences. The Soviet practice today is more subtle. People are arrested for their Zionism, but are sent to jail on a variety of trumped-up charges unrelated to their desire to go to Israel," he said.

Commenting about the accusations of Saul Rabin, Klev against the members of a Zionist group to which he (Rabin) formerly belonged, Pularevich asserted that "the means to pressure, influence and torture an individual are so varied and so powerful in the USSR that they literally defy description. It is no surprise that not everyone is strong enough to hold out against them."

The former Prisoners of Zion have asked Prime Minister Menachem Begin for permission to take part in the parade to mark Israel's 30th anniversary.



Absorption Minister David Levy (back to camera) showed up at the Israel Radio in Jerusalem, where he was due to take part in a programme. When he learned that a strike was in progress, he returned to his office. Shown speaking to Levy's is Edmond Shehaye, centre, chairman of the employees' committee. (Simpson)

Council declares labour dispute in Haifa port

By YA'ACOV ARDON
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — A labour dispute was declared in the port here yesterday over the dismissal of 10 workers, all over 60 and deemed redundant. They were served notice of early retirement by the port management last August.

The Haifa Labour Council secretary is to inform the government labour mediation officer of the dispute, and has called on the port management to suspend the dismissals.

On Friday morning 120 storage workers walked out on their jobs to hold a protest meeting on the early retirement issue, which affects them more than other port employees.

Most of the 10 men to be dismissed are storekeepers. They all went back to work yesterday morning after the labour council promised to take up their case. But on Friday, the container terminal was virtually closed.

The question of early retirement was first raised last year, and was contested by the labour council which wanted it discussed first in the regional, then in the national Labour Court. Both courts upheld the port management's right to discharge men over 60, under certain conditions, before they reach the mandatory retirement age of 65.

"We are not fighting against the law, but we contest the assertion that the 10 men come within that category. The port management failed to convince us that they did, and it did not supply us with written statements from the men's immediate superiors to that effect," council secretary Moshe Wertzman said.

Redundant employees had been retired prematurely in the past, "but only after consultation with the staff committee," Wertzman said. "The council wants that in this case too," he continued, noting that "the port management is fighting for principles, the council for human relations and the employees' right to earn their livelihood honourably up to the pensionable age of 65."

"If the dispute is not resolved within a fortnight, the council is likely to call the 10 employees' strike," he said. "A strike at the port would hit the city's economy, as it is now going through a period of full employment. It would also hit citrus exports, which are being loaded in gradually growing quantities."

Special Einstein symposium set for March 1979

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The centenary of Albert Einstein's birth is to be celebrated in Jerusalem in March 1979 with an international symposium expected to draw scientists, scholars and statesmen of world eminence, including several Nobel Prize laureates.

The 10-day symposium will include subjects ranging from research developments in physics to Einstein's impact on contemporary thought and culture.

The event is being organized by the Israel Academy of Sciences and Humanities, the Hebrew University, the Van Leer Foundation, the Jerusalem Foundation and the Aspen Institute of Humanistic Studies. Plans were announced at a press conference yesterday by Arye Dvorkin, president of the academy; Joseph Slater, president of the institute; and Mayor Teddy Kolek.

Kolek noted that Einstein had been offered the presidency of Israel after the death of Chaim Weizmann but had preferred to continue with his scientific work. In his will, Einstein called for the eventual transfer of all his papers from Princeton University to the Hebrew University.

Kushnir one point from chess final

BERLIN (UPI). — Alla Kushnir, Stalin of Israel on Saturday won the ninth match against Elena Fatsibekova of the Soviet Union in the semi-finals of the candidates tournament for the women's world chess championships in West Berlin.

The Israeli competitor only needs one more point to win the tournament and reach the final. After the 20th move, Kushnir, Stalin's white pawns penetrated the black position. After 35 moves, the Russian abandoned.

Rosh Pina residents threaten to evict 'Jews for Jesus'

ROSH PINA (Itim). — A delegation of local residents warned members of the "Jews for Jesus" sect here yesterday that steps would be taken against them if they refused to leave the town.

The local residents called at the sect's rented house, Beit Emanuel, and endeavored in vain to persuade the half-dozen "Jews for Jesus" to leave. While the meeting was in progress, residents of the town demonstrated outside the one-storey building, with several children chanting "Jesus is dead, Jesus is dead!"

The "Jews for Jesus" whose leader is a former New Yorker, settled in Rosh Pina about two years ago, after several years in the Jerusalem area. According to local residents they were left in peace until they began several months ago to work actively in the town for new recruits. The residents claim that two local families and two girls were won over to the sect, in exchange for "large sums of money."

Members of the sect have denied that they are engaged in missionary work, but said that anyone who wished to join them would have made welcome. They claimed that they receive instructions directly from "Jesus, King of the Jews," and would not leave Rosh Pina until "the Messiah Jesus" ordered them to do so.

Matters came to a head last week, when 30 men — thought to be yeshiva students — raided Beit Emanuel and destroyed property worth, according to members of the sect, some IL\$5,000. Police said they were investigating the matter, but no arrests have been made.

The three members of yesterday's delegation — Ya'acov Melster, Menahem Yaluz and Meir Friedman — warned the group that if they refused to leave Rosh Pina, "someone would be found who would take action against them." They said that they themselves would continue to work for the sect's eviction from the town "through all available legal means."

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Kilczinski out on IL\$3,000 bail

TEL AVIV (Itim). — Artist Andre Kilczinski, arrested last week on suspicion of conspiring to kidnap West German diplomats, was released on IL\$3,000 bail yesterday, after he signed a statement promising not to carry out his plan.

Kilczinski said when he was arrested that he planned to hold five diplomats hostage to call attention to the West German authorities' failure to prosecute Nazi war criminals. Last April, on Martyrs and Heroes Remembrance Day, he and a friend seized the Embassy of the Federal Republic of Germany at gunpoint for the same reason.

Policeman shoots self in knee in 'James Bond' chase

By ARTHUR KEMELMAN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HOLON. — A policeman shot himself in the knee yesterday afternoon as he and three fellow officers chased a suspect wanted for armed robbery. The four policemen were in a patrol car when one of them noticed a man believed to have committed an armed robbery in Rishon LeZion, driving along Sderot Kugel bere with his wife. They ordered him to stop. He refused and began driving away at high speed.

The policemen followed behind in a chase that a police spokesman compared to a "James Bond thriller." At one point, as the police tried to overtake the suspect's tender, he tried to force the patrol car into a ditch.

Arriving at an army base in the area, the suspect stopped his car and began running away. Police fired warning shots and in the excitement Staff Sergeant-Major Eliahu Lisha shot himself in the knee. He was taken to Assaf Harofeh Hospital for treatment.

The suspect and his wife were arrested.

Kiryat Shmona schools to close if water is cut

KIRYAT SHMONA (Itim). — The Mekorot water company has threatened to reduce water supplies to this northern town tomorrow, claiming that Kiryat Shmona owes the company IL\$45m. The rate mayor, in retaliation, says he will shut down all the schools in town if Mekorot makes good its threat.

Mekorot says the company contracted several years ago to supply 1.5 million cubic metres of water a year to Kiryat Shmona. Although local water consumption has risen to 2.2 million cu.m., the town has refused to revise its contract. As a result, the company says, it is liable for a higher-than-contract price for every cubic metre beyond its allocation, or an additional IL\$700,000 a year.

Mayor Avraham Aloni says the town "will not put a pruta" of the debt, which it considers an unjustified fine. He says Kiryat Shmona is situated on water resources that serve much of Galilee. "It's absurd for them to sell our water to others and then make us pay for water which is essentially our own."

Mekorot says it will reduce the town's water supply as of tomorrow to 1.5 million cu.m. a year, or 4,200 cu.m. a day. This will disrupt the supply of drinking water, especially in high areas and in tall buildings.

Man killed in fall at oil-drilling site

NAZARETH (Itim). — Noah Lixover, 47, of Raanana, was killed yesterday morning in a work accident during oil-drilling near Daburiya village, in Emek Yizre'el.

He fell from the top of the drilling tower. Police and the Labour Ministry have opened an investigation.

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Insurance man testifies: I bribed Kimhi

TEL AVIV (Itim). — The managing director of the Yuval insurance company, Yigal Levanon, testified yesterday that he sent a cheque for IL\$5,000 to a furniture shop to cover a purchase made by Meir Kimhi, former treasurer of Kupat Holim.

Kimhi is on trial for taking bribes. Sarah Hari, sister of former Kupat Holim director-general Acher Yadin, has already been convicted of giving Kimhi a bribe. Kimhi allegedly asked for the bribe and held up payment of insurance premiums until he got them.

Levanon, who was granted immunity from prosecution before the trial started, said his company put in a bid to sell Kupat Holim employer's insurance after Hari, an insurance agent, let him know how much the other insurance companies had asked in their bids. When Yuval won the tender, Sarah Hari got a 20 per cent commission, he said, although his company had negotiated directly with the management of the sick fund.

Yadin is now serving a five-year sentence for fraud, tax evasion and accepting bribes.

Priority for libel suit against 'Ha'aretz'

TEL AVIV (Itim). — The relieving president of the district court, Benjamin Cohen, yesterday ordered that hearings be advanced in the libel action brought by Bezalel Mizrahi against 'Ha'aretz' and its reporter Avi Valentim.

The judge did so at the request of the plaintiff, declaring that "libel is so injurious as to justify advancing the hearings." Mizrahi, a hotelier and building contractor, sued the newspaper for IL\$10 million, claiming that he had been libelled by an article it published linking him with organized crime.

Villager arrested for impersonating officer

A Galilee villager was arrested yesterday at the entrance to an army base on suspicion of impersonating an officer.

The 27-year-old man was wearing a uniform with captain's bars and carrying an M-16 rifle said to have been stolen last Thursday from a soldier in the Jerusalem area. (Itim)

Police nab fugitive at movie box office

Jerusalem police apprehended a 19-year-old burglary suspect on Friday afternoon at the box office of the Semadar cinema.

The arrest was made by a special team now investigating break-ins in the Jerusalem area. They say the suspect escaped from detention and is wanted in connection with four burglaries. (Itim)

Slum dwellers' movement' starts Tel Aviv race

By SARAH HONIG
Jerusalem Post Reporter

AVIV. — With the date for the elections still undetermined, many parties' candidates still in, a new list entered the running yesterday. Called the "Slum Dwellers' Movement," the list includes a number of slum-dwelling representatives as well as Elimelech Ron, the appointed spokesman for Tel slums.

announced yesterday that his not after the mayoralty but concentrate its efforts on winning representation in the city council. At a press conference, he said that the movement already includes a number of slum-dwelling representatives and a number of councilors both from the city and out-

Robbers attack Tel Aviv woman

AVIV (Itim). — An elderly woman was robbed and beaten by three men at her home in Tel Aviv yesterday morning.

Two men broke into the apartment where Shlomo, 50, lives after gagging and beating her. She fled to her room and called the police. After finding no other clues, they left the house. The woman was treated for shock and discharged from hospital.

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ay, 18.10
performance at 7.30 p.m.
v. 20A House

ts: "Union," 116 Dizengoff,
48518 and at the box office.

y, 21.10 — 8.30 p.m.
A — James de Rothschild
e, small hall

ts: "Nova," 32-34 Herzl,
55272.

r, Central Carmel,
4777 and box office.

ay, 22.10
performance at 7.30 p.m.
AT GAN,
Jahliadrut.

s: Beit Hahistadrut,
t and box office

ay evening, 5.11 —
performances
3.30 p.m.

Shem, Netanya.

s: "Signal," Netanya.

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DVORA	17.10	Haifa
NARCIS	17.10	Haifa
VOSGES	18.10	Ashdod
J. WEHR	18.10	Haifa
ALON	20.10	Haifa
YAFO	20.10	Ash./Haifa
IRIS	22.10	Haifa
SHIQMA	23.10	Ash./Haifa
ZIM IBERIA	23.10	Ash./Haifa
HAVIVA	25.10	

AT Eilat Port

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Canada aims to do its own thing

By CHARLES LAZARUS
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

MONTREAL. — The Canadian government, apparently anxious not to be linked to Washington's Middle East policies, is making its own bid for credibility with Israel and the Arabs through an official visit to the area by External Affairs Minister Don Jamieson, who is due to be in Israel from October 23 to 26.

Ambassador Mordechai Shalev told The Jerusalem Post that the Jamieson visit should be considered simply in the context of "normal" diplomatic contacts between Canada and Israel; that the minister's trip had been "in the works" for some time; and that "the relations between Canada and Israel are im-

portant enough to warrant this kind of exchange."

In diplomatic terms, the ambassador is perfectly correct. But beyond protocol, there have been developments in recent days which suggest that Jamieson's visit is particularly well-timed.

Only last week, Jamieson found it necessary to defend Canada's abstention in the vote at the International Civil Aviation Organization to admit the Palestine Liberation Organization as an observer. ICAO is a UN agency whose raison d'être is safety and security in civil aviation.

Jamieson argued that Canada's support of Israel has been well established through the years, and the

abstention was simply an extension of Canada's frequent abstentions at UN General Assembly votes on touchy Middle East issues.

The Canadian government has been bitterly criticized for refusing to introduce legislation, as has been done in the U.S. Congress, declaring illegal any cooperation or participation by Canadian companies or individuals in the Arab boycott.

Canada's consistent position on the boycott is to discourage involvement by Canadians, to speak out against it, but to use whatever prohibitions exist in the present statutes to destroy the boycott's effectiveness.

In the eyes of many foreign leaders, Canada is an appendage of the U.S. — culturally, economically, and in terms of foreign policy. Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau is consistently determined to prove that Canada is capable of doing its own thing — a word that includes relations with Middle East countries.

Beyond all these factors is the intriguing speculation, and even possibility that, as reported by the Canadian Broadcasting Corp., the government-operated network, Canada is about to undertake its own initiatives in developing a formula that could bring the Middle East parties together — at least to negotiate seriously.

What this suggests is that Canada is about to re-create its role of "honest broker" in foreign policy, recalling the days when the late Lester Pearson, then External Affairs Minister and later Prime Minister, won the Nobel Peace Prize for developing the formula which brought an end to the Sinal conflict in the mid-1950's.

Body of New York diamond dealer disappears in Puerto Rico

SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO (AP).

After digging up the wrong body and delivering it for an autopsy, authorities admitted on Saturday that they have lost the badly burned corpse believed to be that of New York diamond dealer Abraham Shafizadeh.

Col. Hector Lago, director of the bureau of criminal investigation, said Puerto Rico's justice department has launched an investigation to determine the whereabouts of the missing body.

Shafizadeh disappeared on July 25 with \$250,000 worth of gems while on a trip to Puerto Rico. On July 29, a

badly burned body was discovered in the rural area of Ciales, about 80 km. from here. The gem dealer's brother, Dr. Farouk Shafizadeh-Hakim, said he believed the body was his brother's.

Officials are trying to confirm that the burned body is Shafizadeh's, but the body they exhumed for autopsy on Friday was not the one found on July 29.

Shafizadeh's disappearance is one of several recent cases involving jewelers that came to light after the murder in New York last month of diamond broker Pinchas Jaroslawicz.

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The first lecture: Prayer in Ancient Israel
Professor Moshe Greenberg, The Hebrew University
Thursday, October 20, 1977 at 4.30 p.m. in the Tantor Auditorium
(on the main road to Bethlehem, at the foot of Gilo, Bus No. 10)

Four Czech dissidents go on trial today

PRAGUE (Reuter). — Four prominent Czechoslovak dissidents are to go on trial today charged with subversion in the biggest court action against human rights activists here since the publication of the "Charter 77" manifesto.

The four, including playwright Vaclav Havel, are accused of various counts of subversion or damaging the interests of the republic abroad.

Czechoslovak officials insist that the trial has nothing to do with the Charter movement, although three of the four defendants were among some 800 Czechoslovaks to sign the manifesto which calls for greater human rights in their country.

The chief accused is former theatre director Otto Ovesek, the only defendant who did not sign the document. He has been in custody since January 11, accused of keeping "conspiratorial links" with Czechoslovak emigres and smuggling anti-state articles abroad.

If convicted, he could face three to five years in jail.

Lesser charges of endangering the state have been laid against Frantisek Pavlicek, 58, a former artistic director of Prague's Vinohrady Theatre, who was released from prison last March after two months' detention. His maximum sentence

would also be five years.

The fourth dissident is journalist Jiri Lederer who spent eight months in jail in 1972 after being found guilty of defaming representatives of a socialist state. He was a staff member of the Czechoslovak Writers' Union weekly "Listy" before the 1968 "Prague Spring."

Havel, one of the original spokesmen of the Charter, which was made public last January, faces the shortest prison term — up to three years — on a charge of spiriting the banned memoirs of former Justice Minister Prokop Drtina out of the country.

The playwright, whose works are banned in Czechoslovakia but are widely performed in the West, relinquished his spokesman's role and promised to refrain from further activity for the Charter in exchange for his release from detention last May.

Informed sources said that Havel's sentence could be suspended along with Pavlicek's since the official document makes less severe accusations against them.

As the indictment was being circulated among foreign correspondents here, supporters of the four mounted a broad campaign to draw attention to the closed-door proceedings.

8 hurt in Barcelona riot

MADRID (UPI). — Left-wing extremists hurling more than 100 fire bombs in a demonstration for Catalan independence on Saturday night injured eight policemen in Barcelona, police said yesterday.

In another flare-up of street violence, seven persons were injured and a dozen detained when paramilitary civil guards tried to put an end to week-long, leftist-led protests against bus fares in a Madrid suburb.

The Barcelona incidents occurred on the 37th anniversary of the execution by a Francoist firing squad of Lluís Companys, the last pre-Civil War president of the "Generalitat" (the Catalan autonomous government).

Police said that while other, peaceful memorial acts had been authorized and were held peacefully, about 500 left-wing extremists took over the downtown Plaza de San Jaime shouting for total amnesty and Catalan independence.

Police said the demonstrators buried rocks and firebombs when

police tried to scatter them, burned cars and started several fires.

Police replied by firing smoke flares and rubber bullets. The police announcement said eight policemen were wounded. No mention was made of injured demonstrators.

In the Madrid suburb of Pozuelo, meanwhile, the site of week-long street protests and violence connected with demands that bus fares to Madrid be lowered by 25 per cent, civil guards scattered more than 2,000 demonstrators using anti-riot equipment.

The Pozuelo riots were an outgrowth of similar unrest in the adjoining suburb of Aravaca. Hundreds of persons had put up barricades, blocked traffic and beat up drivers to push their demands for a diversion of traffic which had been clogging the suburb's main street.

The authorities promptly gave in by paying over a privately owned piece of land and diverting traffic through a high-class residential area — and soon after the unrest started in Pozuelo.

'Draft Indira Gandhi' move fizzles

NEW DELHI (AP). — A campaign to draft former Prime Minister Indira Gandhi for the presidency of her defeated Congress Party fizzled on Saturday night, leaving the once-powerful political group divided between critics and backers of Mrs. Gandhi.

The draft move was launched to capitalize on public sympathy for the 69-year-old Mrs. Gandhi after her brief arrest by India's new government on corruption charges. It was

officially abandoned on Saturday when her backers found too little support at a session of the party's ruling body, the 667-member All-India Congress Committee.

In a midnight anti-climax, however, a rabid Gandhi supporter denounced the current Congress leadership and asked the committee to offer Mrs. Gandhi the party presidency as a means of protecting her from possible re-arrest.



Japanese gunman Koichi Kawashita, who hijacked a bus at Nagasaki, being escorted for a medical check after police captured him and his accomplice in a pre-dawn raid on Saturday that freed all 19 hostages. (AP radiophoto)

Ethiopia admits fall of Jijiga

BELGRADE (AP). — Major David Voldegiorgis, Ethiopian acting foreign minister, confirmed in Addis Ababa that Ethiopian forces have abandoned Jijiga.

The Yugoslav official news agency Tanjug reported yesterday from the Ethiopian capital that Voldegiorgis received a group of visiting Yugoslav newsmen and for the first time confirmed the fall of Jijiga, a strategic town in Ethiopia's Ogaden region.

He said that the present conflict with Somalia would be quickly terminated if some Arab countries would stop helping that country.

"Secessionists and their Arab supporters want to make the Ethiopian northern province an Arab land, and the Red Sea an Arab sea. The Ethiopian government believes that the majority of Ethiopians are against the policies of the secessionist movement," he said.

Body of drowned Suez Canal pilot found

CAIRO (UPI). — A Japanese dredger engaged in widening the Suez Canal yesterday located and recovered the body of an Egyptian pilot who apparently fell overboard as he was steering a Soviet navy supply vessel through the waterway, officials said.

The pilot, Abdul Abbas Gomaa, 40, had boarded the Soviet vessel on Wednesday night at Ismailia, halfway along the canal. But when the ship reached Port Suez, at the southern end of the waterway, early Thursday, he was reported missing.

The Soviet vessel was held up and its captain and crew questioned. But their statements indicated no foul play, and investigators concluded the pilot must have fallen overboard.

France, Iran sign nuclear energy pacts

TEHRAN (UPI). — France and Iran yesterday signed agreements worth over \$2,057m. to install two 900-megawatt nuclear power stations in Iran and to provide a 10-year supply of enriched uranium.

The agreements, delayed for a month due to differences over the financing of the deal, place France second only to West Germany as supplier of "peaceful" nuclear energy to this oil-rich Middle East nation.

Iran has already acquired two 1200-megawatt nuclear power plants, currently under construction and scheduled for completion by late 1981, from West Germany's Kraftwerk Union.

A consortium of French banks pledged to provide export credits of \$1.2b. 60 per cent of the total cost of the plants. Iran's atomic energy organization will finance the rest, its chief, Akbar Etemad, announced at a news conference yesterday.

But neither Etemad nor visiting French Minister of Economic Affairs and Finance Robert Boulin would disclose the cost of the enriched uranium supply for the two plants, to be established along the Karoun River in southwest Iran.

Etemad said the cost of the uranium was not included in the deal since the price of uranium in the future could not be predicted.

MOUSETRAP. — A thousand people will gather at London's Savoy Hotel on November 26 to celebrate the 20th anniversary of "The Mousetrap," the Agatha Christie mystery which is the world's longest running play.

WORLD SCENE

SASSON JAC

SOVIETS FISH FOR TROUBLE

ALL EXPERTS NOW admit that the Soviet Navy in the past decade has become a major oceanic strategic force, able to deploy simultaneously in the Atlantic, the Mediterranean, the Caribbean, the Pacific and the Indian Ocean.

Less recognized is another side of the spectacular growth of Soviet sea power: the parallel expansion of the Russian fishing, merchant and ocean-survey fleets which together form the ancillary unit of the Soviet Navy.

The arrest in recent weeks by the Argentine navy of seven Soviet fishing vessels for operating in Argentina's 200-mile sea limit goes to point up this aspect of Soviet maritime strength, an aspect neglected in the West.

With the other two sections, the Soviet fishing fleet is under the centralized control of the Soviet Navy. The fishermen have their own career framework, while naval personnel are also assigned to them as a matter of course.

The trawlers serve as advance units for Soviet warships in exploring and opening up new anchorages and havens, especially where they can penetrate but where their warships cannot.

By having bilateral fishing pacts with many Third World countries, Soviet trawlers and survey ships can visit all over the world as spies equipped with the most sophisticated electronic equipment.

The architect of the Soviet drive for maritime dominance is the commander of the Soviet Navy, Fleet Admiral Sergei Gorshkov, and his importance may be gauged by the fact he is one Soviet armed forces commander who is frequently quoted in the Soviet press.

IN A BOOK published a couple of years ago entitled "The Sea Power of the State," Gorshkov is explicit about the role of Soviet sea power. He wrote that "Imperialist forces

have not given up trying to prevent the process of the consolidation of peace." And he added:

"These forces have not yet been rendered harmless, the danger of war has not yet been eliminated. All this determines the necessity of the efforts this country is exerting to develop the navy, the main component of the State's sea power, which can counter the oceanic strategy of imperialism."

The concluding sentence of the above paragraph simply means that the Soviets must gain mastery over the traditional ocean supply routes of the West. This has been the focal point of the Soviet aim ever since 1945, and was given added impetus after the Cuban missile crisis in October 1962.

The Russians easily brought missiles into Cuba in their merchant ships — but they immediately saw their oceanic weakness as President Kennedy clamped a crippling blockade on the island. U.S. sea power won that game — and the Russians never forgot that lesson.

It should be recalled that the Soviet merchant navy was never challenged by the U.S. as it played a decisive role in supplying both Vietnam and Angola with heavy weapons which brought the communists victory in both countries.

But it must not be forgotten that the most important factor in the "oceanic" role played by the Soviet auxiliary ocean forces is the fishing fleet, today the most powerful in the world.

Successive agricultural failures induced the Kremlin in 1958 to launch an ambitious programme to construct the world's biggest and most modern fishing fleet: today these ships roam the seven seas, controlled and maintained by an elaborate organization run by the Soviet Navy.

LAST YEAR Lloyd's Register of

Shipping showed that Russia possesses 4,219 fishing vessels compared to Japan's 3,149. Russia has more than 1,000 factory ships over 2,000 tons, compared with Japan and only two for the U.S. It is no wonder then that ships today net over 15 per cent of the fish caught by the fishermen, and half of that comes from foreign waters.

Where the fishing boats go, ships follow to serve as the eyes of the Soviet Navy. They by and work closely with the fishermen, many of whom are naval technicians. They Western communications are even used to smuggle age various areas.

And by concluding bilateral fishing agreements the Russians have circumvented international cords of recent years, all protecting national fishing grounds, even their friends not that the Russians are overfishing oceans — but this seems to least worry of the Soviet authorities. They achieve by supplying their people with giant catches of fish while in wholesale espionage and sion of naval facilities.

In the South Atlantic, fisheries say the Soviets catch more than all the littoral states together. No wonder the Arg were quick to nab the Soviet trawlers.

However, the best baron the intentions of Soviet fishes China's strictures about activities. Here is one such made last year in Peking's "The revisionist fishery despot is apply any ferocious m whenever he has a chance. He and more fish. The fishery despot has violated a national fishery agreement signed..."

60,000 Cambodians flee to Vietnam

By HORST FAAS

HANOI (AP). — Some 60,000 Cambodians have been granted asylum in South Vietnam in the past year and are living now in desperate conditions in the outskirts of Ho Chi Minh City, formerly Saigon, and in the provinces west of the city, diplomatic sources in Hanoi said.

At least 16,000 of these refugees are trying to leave Vietnam, and have addressed themselves in writing to the office of the High Commissioner for Refugees of the UN in Hanoi with pleas for help.

Almost all refugees are reportedly from the former Cambodian middle class and are small traders, businessmen, manufacturers and employees. Most are said to be from Cambodian towns where the whole civilian population has been moved forcibly to the countryside under grim and brutal conditions.

"The Vietnamese government has been looking after the Cambodian refugees, despite their own food shortages and economic difficulties," a diplomatic source said.

"The Cambodians are receiving rice rations that just keep them alive and are under the 14-kilo ration every Vietnamese gets per month."

The source said that the Cambodians are permitted to work as small businessmen and vendors. "That means they can pawn their last belongings to stay alive," he said.

Diplomats in Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh City believe that Vietnam has never sent any refugees back over the border into Cambodia after they fled the persecutions and hardships of their homeland.

Of the 16,000 refugees who have written to the UN commissioner, 8,000 have received entry visas from France. Seventy have received visas to West Germany and UN officials believe that Germany may take another 150. Belgium, too, will receive 160 Cambodian refugees.

The exodus from Vietnam to France, which has received some 1,000 refugees from Indochina each month since the end of the Vietnam war in April 1975, came to a halt recently when the Vietnamese

government cancelled Air landing rights in Ho Chi Minh over a dispute regarding continuation of the French Communist Party. The Viet authorities want to see the closed down.

Meanwhile, Western of have almost no information the situation along the Cambodian frontier. Last some Vietnamese news reported clashes along the border and the army daily "Nhan I" repeatedly exhorted member forces to vigilance those that may disturb reaction work of Vietnam from and within.

In a visit to a province kms. from the Cambodian this reporter could see no military activity or prepare Diplomats returning from Penh to Hanoi or Vietnam say they know almost nothing what is going on in the country.

(AP, photographer-writer Faas covered the war in Viet 12 years.)

1978 UJA Study Conference

Resolved: A Program of Action for the American Jewish Community

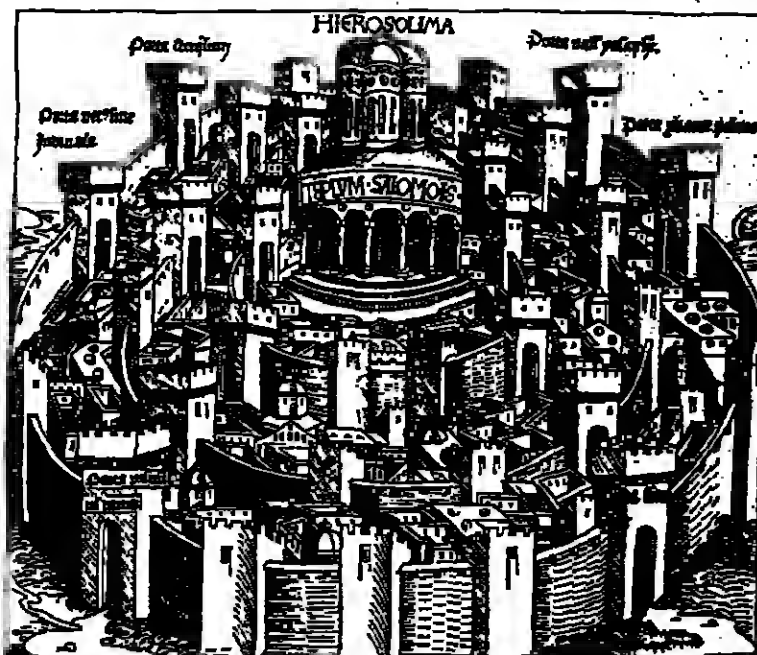
The participants in the 1978 United Jewish Appeal Study Conference came to Israel at a time of severe testing for our people. Thirty-five years after the Holocaust and thirty years after the creation of the Jewish State, there are those who still question our right to live freely.

The voices of anti-Semitism are still not silent and we must understand their danger. They cry out to a cynical world a philosophy in which human beings are mere pawns, morality is immaterial, and the dreams and aspirations of centuries are considered as nothing.

The Jewish tradition stands firmly against this destructive outlook. The Jewish people have always fought for humanity in the face of indifference, and must remain strong and vigilant.

In response to the challenges we confront at this time — and in fulfillment of our 30 years of partnership with the people of Israel — we came to study Israel's economic, social and humanitarian situation so that we may continue the ingathering of our people and strengthen the Jewish lifeline.

This week has been a living reminder of the accomplishments of our generation — a generation which has gone from destruction to redemption.



This Year in Jerusalem - Every Year in Jerusalem

We declare to the people of Israel:

The Jewish people will continue to assert the value of human life, and dignity of human spirit.

Each Jew is responsible for one another, at home and abroad, around the corner and around the world. Building strong communities at home and strengthening the people of Israel is the personal and communal responsibility of all our people.

As Israel is the capital of the Jewish world, therefore Jerusalem is the eternal capital of the Jewish soul.

We will strive to improve conditions in housing, health and education for all our people.

We will support the efforts of our fellow Jews in the Soviet Union to find freedom — and the struggle of all Jews in lands of oppression to live in dignity.

In 1978, the American Jewish community, through the work of UJA and local federations, will strive for a \$700 million campaign.

Our generation will be an example to all the world, a living history, that the Jewish people are one and that we are responsible for our people.

We Are One

Adopted by the 1978 UJA Study Conference

JERUSALEM
October, 19

הגדה מן האכל

By MOHAMMED ASLAM
W DELHI (Gemin). — The new Indian government has decided to enforce total prohibition in the country within the next four years. Prime Minister Morarji Desai said "Delhi would be the first to go dry." He recently told a huge anti-alcohol rally at his residence that government was committed to complete prohibition. The first step was to announce a 12-point programme to enforce prohibition in India, but its implementation had been half-hearted. It had called for, among other things, discouragement of the opening of new liquor shops. The new prime minister is an ardent supporter of prohibition. Emphasizing that enforcement should begin at home, Desai has advised party legislators and workers to abstain from liquor, in public or in private, or face disciplinary action. Government officials also have been told to give up drinking. A forceful prohibition lobby has emerged and public opinion is being educated to accept it. This September 12 was observed as Prohibition Day throughout the country. Women are in the forefront of the

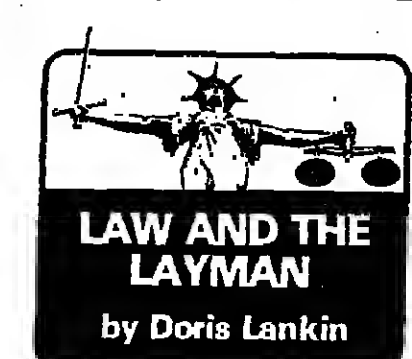
India plans to go dry

movement for prohibition, for it is they who face difficulties in domestic budgeting when their lowly paid husbands have spent a good part of their wages on booze. Thousands of housewives, carrying anti-alcoholism placards, marched in processions in cities as far apart as Trivandrum, Cochin, Patna, Alwar, Kohima and other places to urge the authorities to stamp out the evil of drink. Drinking has often led to domestic quarrels, divorces, suicides and even murders. Prohibitionists say that a nation 40 per cent of whose citizens live below the poverty-line cannot afford to squander money on alcohol. "Indian society must be cleansed," they demand. CRITICS of prohibition are equally vocal. They argue that the government will incur huge losses in excise revenue if the ban is enforced, and that addicts will resort to illegal

methods of procuring illicitly distilled country liquor, which is often injurious to health. In recent months there have been scores of deaths in Delhi and other towns of people who had drunk locally manufactured extra-potent, cheap but spurious liquor. The victims were mostly poor people who could not afford high-priced standard brands. Prohibition will prove a boon to speakeasies that operate from slums and densely populated localities in almost all big cities. Critics say city parks will become havens of bootleggers. This is the experience of some towns where prohibition is already in force. Then there is the argument that drinking is a tradition in certain sections of the Indian population and goes right back to the earliest times. Tribal and other primitive communities in remote mountainous and desert regions, where even children are brought up on home-made liquor, can hardly be expected to conform to the new standard being set by the puritan 22-year-old Morarji Desai.

About domestic help

Numerous letters have come in the mail asking about the rights (and wrongs) of domestic maids. Before talking about this, I would like to give a short summary of the law with respect to severance compensation. (A detailed article on this subject appeared in *The Jerusalem Post* of May 3, 1977.) You are entitled to dismiss your maid without paying severance compensation only if she has been guilty of conduct which justifies such dismissal (for example, if you catch her stealing, or if she is excessively aggressive, or if she is a chronic absentee from work). Otherwise, the rule of thumb is that if a domestic employee who has been with you for at least a year is dismissed, or if she leaves of her own accord because of a deterioration in her work conditions, she is entitled to severance compensation at the rate of a fortnight's pay for each year of employment, if employed by the day or hour, and one month's pay per year if employed by the month. The basis for calculating this compensation is the latest wage paid immediately before dismissal. Your maid will also be entitled to severance compensation if she leaves your employment because of ill health, or because she is marrying a man who lives permanently in another town, or must move as a member of the standing army, or because she has decided to live permanently in a kibbutz or moahav, or because she has decided, within nine months after giving birth or after adopting a baby, to give up working to look after her child. Now for the answers to questions. (1) I suggested in my previous article that if you want to reduce your domestic service expenses by employing your maid for fewer hours a week, then your best line of action would be to dismiss her and pay her severance compensation and then, if she consents, re-employ her for fewer hours a week. A word of caution is called for: make sure not to re-employ her before three months have elapsed since her dismissal, as re-employment within three months would constitute continuity of her original employment. That would mean, if you eventually have to dispense with her services altogether, that you would have to pay her severance compensation in accordance with her latest wage scale for the years which she worked before her dismissal and this, even if you subtract the compensation which you paid her at the time, could work out to an appreciable sum. That she might have given you her signed agreement to start from scratch at the time you paid her severance compensation would not hold against her, as in accordance with the law, an employee is not entitled to waive her rights to severance compensation. So be careful to wait that statutory three months (and make-do with other help in the meanwhile) before taking back your old maid. (2) You are not entitled to dismiss a maid who has become pregnant after working for you for more than six months, without the permission of the Ministry of Labour. But you are entitled to dismiss her im-

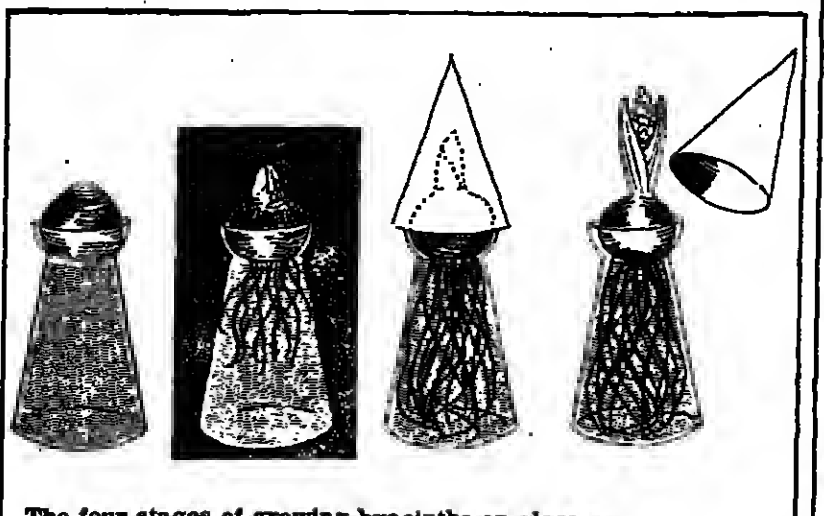


mediately after she returns from maternity leave, on condition you pay her severance compensation, of course. If your maid has worked for you for more than four years, however, she is automatically entitled to take 15 months leave without pay, after giving birth, or after adopting a child. If she has worked for you for less than four years, then she can take this leave without pay only if you expressly consent to her taking it. (3) If your maid decides to resign within nine months after giving birth in order to look after her baby and you pay her severance compensation, but then discover that she has in fact not remained at home and has taken a job elsewhere, then you are entitled to demand the return of the compensation you have paid her. She could also be charged with the criminal offence of taking money on false pretences. Vacation pay (4) Your maid is entitled to two weeks' vacation with pay after working for you for a full year. This is increased gradually until she is entitled to three weeks' paid holiday after working for you for seven years and to an eventual maximum of four weeks (the increase being at the rate of one day a year after the seventh year). But if one of the national or religious holidays falls on one of your maid's regular days of work, then she is entitled to be paid for that day even though she does not work. This applies equally to a maid who is employed on a monthly or on an hourly basis. If, therefore, you are unfortunate enough to employ a maid once a week, on a Tuesday, then this year you will not only have been deprived of her services on Rosh Hashana, Succot and Simhat Torah, but you will also have to pay her for not coming to work on those days. On the other hand, you do not have to pay your maid if she falls to turn up for work on the eve of a holiday (as most of our maids are in the habit of doing).

BULB TIME AGAIN II

GARDENER'S CORNER / Walter Frankl

ESTIMATED 30 species of narcissus (daffodil) grow wild from the Pyrenees through the Mediterranean and into China. After more than a century of breeding of this flower (mainly by Dutch and Irish breeders), the number of kinds of narcissus has grown large that a method of classification became necessary. They are dependent on the intensity of the petals. At my residence, at least one dozen recent types of daffodil bulbs are here at a cost of IL2 to IL4. The most often requested are yellow daffodils called "March" or "trumpet flower." They have large blooms with long petals and wide parastoma. They are very attractive in garden, and flower over a long period. (And they're good as cut flowers.) One of the most popular yellow pet daffodils is "King Alfred," purest deep golden yellow in color, they are held aloft on long stems. "King Alfred" daffodils give a remarkable colour effect when mixed with light blue "Wedgewood" (Blue iris bulbs are now being sold for approximately IL1 each.) These flower together from mid-February till the end of March. Other popular daffodils are the all-white "trumpet flower," called "sheva." If you prefer a modest kind of narcissus, ask for "leucis" bulbs. This kind is a form similar to the wild narcissus. It has snow-white petals, low flat crown and its blooms are usually solitary. There are "tata" kinds with many flowers on stem, double (filled) kinds, and with red, orange, white and apricot (pinkish) coloured petals or the all golden, very attractive "leucis" bulbs. These are originating on one single bulb. But there is one special narcissus, the so-called "paper-white," will let you appear to be a "magician," by growing a wonderful white, fragrant flower without soil at all! Get "paper-white" bulbs and start as follows: Take a deep saucer, fill it with a handful of gravel (pebbles or marbles) and place some "paper-white" bulbs on the gravel. Also put some gravel between the bulbs to keep them in position. Pour water into the saucer, so that it reaches the bottom of the bulbs (and not more). After one week it will be sufficient for only the roots to be in the water. Soon the roots will come out of the bulbs and anchor themselves round the pebbles. Keep the saucer in full daylight — a window sill is best. Never let the bottom of the saucer become dry! Soon you will be able to surprise everybody when your bulbs produce quickly growing green leaves and later fragrant white narcissus flowers. Flower arrangements. When cutting for the house, remember that daffodils and tulips (both flower in spring) don't like one another and should never be mixed in a vase as they exude substances which are mutually harmful. If you insist on mixing them, stand each cut flower separately in a container of clear water before mixing them. To secure flowers for next season. Remove the seed pods when the flowers have died and let the foliage (together with the stem of the flowers) become yellow. Incidentally, there is no need to wait until the foliage dies down completely and disappears, for as soon as the leaves are no longer green and start to dry, they contribute nothing to the well-being of the bulb. You can then lift the bulbs out with a garden fork and plant them somewhere in a shady background — or remove the dried leaves and store the bulbs in a dry cool place for next season. Hyacinths are hybrids of *hyacinthus orientalis* (*Yachinthon hamizrah* in



The four stages of growing hyacinths on glasses.

Hebrew), which grows wild in the Mediterranean area. Hyacinths provide striking colour in the foreground of a shrub border or as a colour frame around a lawn. In my experience, hyacinths do not degenerate as do tulips and other bulb flowers; their majestic fragrant flowers appear early in spring year by year for many seasons. In the garden set the bulbs 10-12 cm. deep in well-drained, light soil (no manure!) with a distance of 15 cm. from bulb to bulb. Hyacinths bloom in March and April in white, pink, red, purple, blue and yellow. Hyacinths on glasses Florists offer special hyacinth glasses, but any glass container (if possible coloured glass) with sufficient area for root development (about 15 cm. high) and a neck that is narrower than the width of the bulb will do. (Try an ordinary jam jar). Fill the container with water (rainwater or not chlorinated boiled water is best) to a level that will be very close to the bottom of the bulb. But one-half centimetre airspace between bulb and water is essential! A small piece of charcoal in the glass will prevent the water from becoming stagnant or sour. The best time to start hyacinths on glasses is the second part of October. They will flower within 6-8 weeks. The treatment is as follows: Set the glass with the bulb in a cool dark spot. (Many people put it at the back of a shelf in the refrigerator to prevent accidental tipping when the door is slammed. Let the bulb rest on the rim of the glass and cover it against light by a little "hat" of strong paper. Leave the bulbs for about a month in the dark, checking occasionally to see that the water level is kept up and to see that the roots are developing. When the white twining roots have filled the glass container, remove it from the dark cool place (or from the refrigerator) and bring it to a sunny window, rotating the container daily so the flower stalks remain straight as they grow and don't begin to lean in one direction. When the sprouting leaves reach about a finger's length and the flowerbuds appear (don't check in full light) you may remove the "hat." Don't make a mistake! Removing the "hat" too early will mean that the flower will remain very small and the green leaves will become dominant.

Ben-Gurion University Governors Convene

BEERSHEBA, October 17 — The Seventh Annual Meeting of the Board of Governors of Ben-Gurion University of the Negev opens today its largest participation ever. Over 180 guests and observers from Israel and abroad are on hand for this evening's Opening Ceremony at the Beersheba campus.

Following the four-day conference are newly-elected Board Chairman Nessim Gaon of Geneva and University President Yosef Tekoa, who will bring greetings to the University during the Opening Ceremony. The activities will commence at the Sede-Boker Campus where a memorial service will be held at the graves of David and Paula Ben-Gurion. Later Mr. Yitzhak Navon, M.K., will deliver the Conference's Annual Memorial Lecture. During the conference, delegates will take part in policy-making sessions dealing with the University's academic development, administrative programmes, student affairs, and other activities. Among the highlights of the meeting are the dedication of the new building of the Board of Governors on Tuesday of a professorial Chair in memory of an Netanyahu, who died at Kibbutz. The Chair was established by the Netanyahu family of New York and is designated for Studies in Social Science. Other ceremonies include the unveiling of the Founders' cornerstone-laying of the University swimming pool, and the dedication of the Stanley H. Picker Students Recreation Room. In the afternoon the Board will be addressed by the President of the University, Professor Ephraim Katzir, and by Prime Minister Menachem Begin.

Participants from Abroad

- Mr. Conrad Abrahams-Curie, U.S.A.
- Mr. Warren Abrams, U.S.A.
- Beck, U.S.A.
- Beitel, Federal Republic of Germany
- Büldner, Brazil — U.S.A.
- Mr. Charles E. Bloom Jr., U.S.A.
- Mr. Robert Lange, France
- Mr. Jacques Leleuvre, France
- Mr. Stanley Lief, South Africa
- Mr. Charles L. Lewis, France
- Mr. Bertrand Luban, South Africa
- Mr. Barbara Mayer, U.S.A.
- Mr. Blum, Morocco, U.S.A.
- Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Musher, U.S.A.
- Mr. Stanley Picker, Great Britain
- Prof. M.M. Schiffer, U.S.A.
- Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Spector, Canada
- Dr. and Mrs. M. Segalove, U.S.A.
- Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Shans, U.S.A.
- Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Siegmund, U.S.A.
- Dr. and Mrs. Moses Simonovitch, Canada
- Mr. and Mrs. George Strut, U.S.A.
- Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Smith, Canada
- Mr. Wayne Tenenbaum, Canada
- Mrs. Carolyn Tumarkin, U.S.A.
- Mrs. and Mr. Mark Tuck, U.S.A.
- Mr. and Mrs. Edward Vais, U.S.A.
- Mr. and Mrs. Harry Walsh, Canada
- Dr. and Mrs. Berthold Wylar, Switzerland
- Mr. and Mrs. Louis Zlotowski, Switzerland
- Mr. and Mrs. Mel Zwigg, Canada



Maxwell Cummings Plaza and Kreitman Building grace the new campus in Beersheba.

Bridging the Social Gap — a B.G.U. Priority

The election of Nessim Gaon, who is President of the World Sephardi Federation, as Chairman of the Board of Governors, and the establishment of the Chelivich Family Chair in Social Integration reflects the emphasis Ben-Gurion University places upon closing the social and economic gap between Israel's diverse communities. Nearly one-third of the University's 4,600 students are from families who have immigrated from various nations. This is about twice the proportion in any other Israeli university. A large number of these students have qualified for admission to the faculties as a result of their preparation in the University's Pre-Academic Centre. The Centre encompasses four programmes, the newest of which is in the humanities and social sciences. The Pre-Academic Centre encourages, in particular, students from the region's development towns to further their academic education. A special programme launched last year enables high-school drop-outs, lacking two years schooling to complete their secondary education, to prepare for their matriculation exams and, if successful, to qualify for admission to the University. Recognizing that closing the ethnic gap requires comprehensive, grass-roots activities, the University has increased its efforts to graduate teachers, social workers, and health-care personnel who will help elevate community standards. Each faculty also takes an active part in improving primary and secondary school education throughout the Negev. The B.G.U. student body has also shown its readiness to participate in the University's social integration programmes. The Student Tutoring Project, aimed at assisting underprivileged children, grew from 80 volunteers in 1975-76 to 350 tutors last year. The students work on an individual basis with needy youngsters from nine schools in Beersheba and one in Olakim. This year it is expected that about 1,000 students will take part in the programme which will be extended to other development towns in the area. The establishment of the Chelivich Chair in Social Integration indicates that concern about relative deprivation in Israel is shared by her friends overseas. Says Aron Chelivich, President of the University's American Associates and a tireless leader in activities on behalf of Israel and the Jewish people, "The advancement of Israel's disadvantaged communities is the responsibility of Jews everywhere. Only by education can we hope to break the cycle of deprivation." The new chair is named in memory of Jonathan Netanyahu, the fallen hero of Entebbe. First occupant of the Chelivich Chair is Professor Alex Weingrod, of the Dept. of Behavioural Sciences. Professor Weingrod intends to develop research programmes both applied and theoretical aimed at a better understanding of the dynamics of social integration.

Nessim Gaon, new Board Chairman

The new Board Chairman's numerous activities on behalf of Israel and the Jewish people include the Presidency of Magbit of Suisse Romande and of the State of Israel Bonds of Suisse Romande. He is also President of the Sephardi Community of Geneva. Since 1973 he has served as Vice President of the World Jewish Congress and sits on the Board of Governors of the Hebrew and Bar Ilan Universities, as well as that of B.G.U. Mr. and Mrs. Gaon (the former Renee Trumani have three children, one of whom lives in Israel.

Message from Yosef Tekoa, President of The University

The scientific and educational achievements of Ben-Gurion University, its role in the development of the vast Negev area, in desert research and especially in bridging the social gap, fill the hearts of all who are associated with the institution with pride and gratification. All who love Israel and all who find happiness in giving it life and strength understand the meaning of the University as a focus of pioneering and an instrument for raising the underprivileged from the depths of privation and backwardness. Being Israel's youngest institution of higher learning, still operating primarily in temporary facilities, still struggling to provide the indispensable teaching space, laboratory equipment and student dormitories, still short of research grants and scholarship funds, the Ben-Gurion University has been particularly affected by the financial difficulties confronting Israel today. Only a concerted effort by the Government of Israel and the University's friends abroad can ensure its ability to fulfil the manifold tasks and responsibilities it has assumed. There can be no greater happiness than the happiness of creativity, states an old Jewish adage. Let us all join forces and find such happiness in the endeavours carried on in the Ben-Gurion University of the Negev to create a new and better life.



Yosef Tekoa, President, Ben-Gurion University of the Negev

Facts about Ben-Gurion University

- The only university in Israel with all four major faculties: Natural Sciences, Engineering, Humanities and Social Sciences, and Medicine.
- Nearly one-third of the 4,600 students enrolled are of Oriental Jewish background. 45 per cent of the students are from the Negev.
- The University operates a Pre-Academic Centre for the educationally disadvantaged — one of many programmes designed to bridge the gap between Israel's diverse communities.
- Over one-fourth of the academic staff consists of new immigrants.
- B.G.U. is situated on three campuses: two in Beersheba and the newest at Sede-Boker, containing the Desert Research Institute and the Ben-Gurion Institute and Archives.
- The University Centre for Health Sciences shares responsibility for health care and medical delivery services throughout the entire Negev.
- The University's Research and Development Authority has been a major force in creating science-based industry in the Negev.

A hot cease-fire

ONCE AGAIN a cease-fire agreement in Lebanon has failed to take hold. And once again the terrorists have been shelling Christian enclaves.

However, the present breakdown is more ominous because Israel itself was a party to the latest cease-fire agreement that was arranged, largely by the U.S.

From the start there were doubts that it could be durable. The cease-fire depended on the capacity — and the willingness — of the Lebanese to send a policing force to southern Lebanon. Even more it depended on the willingness of the various terrorist organizations to desist from violence and to agree ultimately to evacuate their enclaves in southern Lebanon.

The Lebanese army has so far not been able to mount any kind of force to police the cease-fire, and the terrorists have ignored it. Rather than readying themselves for withdrawal, the terrorists have exploited a fortnight of relative quiet to bring in more men and to fortify old and new positions.

The Syrians, who it is generally assumed have no interest in continuing warfare in southern Lebanon, have so far not been able to impose any kind of restraint upon the terrorist forces.

There have been reports that the U.S. is again seeking to impress upon the Syrians the need for action, perhaps even invoking the help of the Soviet Union to influence Damascus.

Israel, despite the provocations, and despite pressure from the Christian villagers who have suffered for two years from constant harassment by the terrorist forces, has been acting with obvious restraint.

If there is any chance that the cease-fire might still be firmly established, Israel does not want to jeopardize it. However, Israel's restraint cannot be more than one element. Unless the Lebanese Government rallies the strength of will to move significant forces southward, and unless the Syrian Government exercises its will over the terrorists, the situation in southern Lebanon will again deteriorate.

All parties are well aware of the grave dangers this would generate. This should be enough to prompt significant action.

Conflict of interests

THERE IS AN IRONY in the fate that keeps dogging Ariel Sharon. His conflict of interest problems stem from his being named Minister of Agriculture. But it is no secret that he was named to that post only because Prime Minister Begin would not make him Minister of Defence. The pill was sweetened by making him a member of the Cabinet Defence Committee.

Now Attorney General Barak has delivered an opinion that under the Basic Law: the Israel Defence Forces, a Cabinet Minister, and especially a senior minister who is a member of that committee, cannot simultaneously hold an emergency command in the Reserve Army.

There is eminent sense to the opinion. As a member of the Cabinet Committee, Mr. Sharon can be considered to be a superior before whom the Chief of Staff is accountable; as a commander in the Reserves he himself is accountable to the Chief of Staff. The formal complexity is compounded in real life by Mr. Sharon's forthright and often abrasive personality.

Mr. Begin is reported to have been sitting on the opinion for several weeks, and Mr. Sharon has denied any knowledge of it. Still it would be unthinkable to change the law or bend it for Mr. Sharon's benefit.

Dry Bones

PRESENTING A BIT OF DOGGEREL FOR OUR TIMES.

FROM US AID WE'VE GOT TO PART.

SAYS ANDREW YOUNG (WHO'S VERY TART)

BUT THO' HIS STATEMENT MAKES US SMART.

WE KNOW IT'S JIMMY.

WHO'S YOUNG AT HEART.

POSTSCRIPTS

SEPARATE records of Israel's inhabitants are kept by 37 national agencies, says Dr. David Mitnick, a representative of a foreign computer service. It is true that each agency claims special interests, such as Income Tax, National Security, Land Registry, Voters' Roster, etc., but with modern techniques the card-index of the whole population of Israel could be kept on two normal-sized slides and the information needed could be screened in a matter of seconds, he told the Tel Aviv Rotary Club recently.

Computers are a useful, even indispensable contraption. They never forget, and very rarely err. But they lack intuition. No computer can prove, unless properly fed, the theorem of Pythagoras. So some inventors are now working on a computer which can make mistakes — and then correct them, just the way humans behave. The theory is, perhaps, that if closer to the human brain, the computer may achieve something worthy of a human being.

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THE OUTLOOK FOR THE KNESSET

The Ninth Knesset, elected last May, will only begin to earn its keep properly in the winter term that opens today. Parliamentary cor-

respondent ASHER WALLFISH offers an analysis of the present Knesset line-up, and a tentative forecast.

UNTIL NOW, the Ninth Knesset has been merely marking time. True, after the May 17 elections, the Knesset did sit for some six weeks till the long summer recess, and then it was called frequently into special session on urgent political issues.

Nevertheless, it has been mostly a speech-making forum so far, not a law-making body. Its individual Members have often been confused and its factions have often been disorganized. To become a real parliament, the Ninth Knesset has to begin legislating and its constituent factions have to take up clear political positions.

The Ninth Knesset wasted a lot of its own time, and a lot of the taxpayers' money, because its factions were unprepared for the post-election situation, and new MKs as well as old had inadequate leadership.

But the wastage was also in great part the Government's fault. Government makes it possible for a Knesset to discharge its functions by keeping it supplied with a steady flow of what is called "Government business," mostly draft legislation, and to some extent ministerial statements.

The Likud coalition cabinet had no justice minister, however, and its Acting Justice Minister, Premier Menachem Begin, was otherwise engaged. It is the responsibility of the Justice Minister, and the Committee of Ministers on Legislation which he chairs, to process and approve the draft laws-in-being, which the various ministries have decided to promote.

The ministries have a pile of draft laws-in-being all ready and would have sent them along the legislative assembly-line long ago, if only Premier Begin had not let the key justice portfolio so long unfilled for political reasons.

Even now, assuming that Justice Minister-designate Amnon Goldenberg takes up office a week from now, he will probably not find his feet before the end of November.

FOR THE NEXT six weeks, therefore, the Knesset will still have to devote a great deal of time to full-dress plenary debates, each lasting two to three hours, on motions which came up since the elections and which were approved for debate.

There are six or seven of these on the agenda, at least, such as the matter of the Independence Day parade, the proposals for altering the character of Holocaust Day, the reorganization of the commodity import system, the plight of teenagers who neither study nor work, and the character of Israel's overseas information programme.

Important as these issues are, the Knesset normally kills them in a slow agony of deadly boredom, in which the chamber is left empty for most of the time, and most of the participants spend too much time saying very little in an uninteresting way.

When a motion for the agenda is approved for a full-dress plenary debate, this does not always mean that MKs can find intelligent comments to make about it for two or three hours. Sometimes it means that the minister who replied to the motion did not want it discussed seriously in committee. On occasion it means the minister wants to blunt an Opposition onslaught, without offending the Opposition by demanding that a motion be struck off the agenda.

The winter term will inevitably be marked by urgent political debates, too, initiated by Government and Opposition alike. The intricate diplomacy of approaching the Geneva conference will provide plenty of material for Opposition motions and for Government statements. The present Cabinet's uneasy relationship with the Carter Administration will probably come up as often as Israel's disagreements with the Arab states.

THE ALIGNMENT Knesset faction can be expected to edge out at long last of the doldrums and to take up its role as Opposition.

Some Labour MKs, aided by the Mapam wing of the Alignment, will single out Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan for special attack. However, Labour shadow ministers like Shimon Peres and Haim Zadok will try to convince their colleagues that the proper task is to criticize the coalition as a whole rather than individual ministers.

Labour chairman Peres, in particular, will probably try to maintain a courteous relationship with Dayan, both for old time's sake and because they are not really on opposite sides of the ideological fence. What they differ on is tactics and party loyalties.

Many factors, however, still tend to slow down the consolidation of the Alignment faction. When a Labour stalwart like Moshe Ussan talks about reviving the historic Mapai Party, and breaking up the Alignment, he gets Mapam inevitably worried.

When those long-standing rivals for the party leadership, Yitzhak Rabin and Shimon Peres, maintain no real contact, they undermine the effectiveness of the entire faction. When experienced men like Haim Bar-Lev and Yehoshua Rabinowitz shun an active role, the Alignment as a whole is disheartened, even more so than it was on the morning of the elections.

The Democratic Movement for Change is not yet in gear either. Most of its 15 MKs don't know how to avail themselves of the parliamentary process to advance their party's political aims, and they are far from sure how to assign their legislative priorities.

The DMC's leader is a political and parliamentary novice, for all his patent integrity and his undeniable appeal to a sizable portion of the electorate. It is high time for Prof. Yigael Yadin to sit down and learn how to organize his faction into a well-oiled team.

The National Religious party faction, the fourth in size, has had experience of serving in coalitions before, but not in such unusual circumstances where a majority of its members genuinely identify with the government programme. With three of its MKs holding cabinet portfolios, the rest have to work harder to justify their service in the Knesset without acting like coalition yes-men.

ONE NEW NRP representative, Rabbi Haim Druckman, is in a somewhat strange position. He attends regularly and seems to follow the parliamentary process with understanding. But he does not earn his keep, because he is not really a political animal. A top-notch educator, Druckman is estimated to have netted the NRP enough votes for one to one-and-a-half seats, and he was put on the list precisely for that purpose.

He was placed there to make sure that an entire generation of young adults, whom he had educated in NRP-sponsored institutions, many of whom were Gush Emunim sympathizers, did not bolt the NRP ticket and vote for the Likud or for Arik Sharon, or for Rabbi Meir Kahane. But like some educators before him, in the NRP as well as other factions, he seems out of place in the Knesset.

The NRP has a number of doves who are unhappy about Likud political policy, but they do not work as a team, and so they are expected to have little impact in the coming term. One of them, Avraham Melamed, is playing the role of potential successor to the Aguda chairman of the all-powerful Finance Committee — Rabbi Shlomo Lorincz. So he keeps his dovish views to conversations in the lobbies and restaurants.

Another moderate is David Glas, but the chairmanship of the Law Committee takes up most of his time. MKs Eliezer Avitzur, Sara Stern and Pinhas Scheinman need a dovish leader to lead them, and the potential candidate, Aharon Abuhazzeira, is in the Cabinet, fully neutralized. There is, of course, also the NRP's dove par excellence, Interior Minister Yosef Burg, but he prefers to play the role of the Vicar of Bray.

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THE LIKUD faction has been having just as much trouble adjusting to its role as Government, as the Alignment and the DMC in their roles as Opposition.

Likud MKs have in many cases been too excited about the prospect of landing political jobs, to be able to settle down to serious parliamentary work. That excitement still seethes in the Herut and Liberal wings of the Likud, and its by-products — rampant jealousy, back-biting and cliquishness — are as unpleasant as can be expected. (The Alignment, incidentally, was no better in this regard and possibly worse.)

The faction still has problems establishing a healthy relationship with the Government. It accuses some ministers of failing to consult it adequately.

The ministers, for their part, blame the faction for not putting enough trust in them. The Herut wing, especially, is fumbling because two of its portfolios went to outsiders like Moshe Dayan and Arik Sharon, and two more went to party newcomers like Ezer Weizman and David Levi. Premier Begin himself is the only pre-State veteran of the Yrgun Zvai Leumi, which was once identified with the Herut party.

No doubt the Likud faction would be doing a better job if its leadership did more to lick it into shape. Its Liberal leader, Avraham Sharir, is new to the House and has yet to establish his authority among his colleagues, who are notoriously an individualistic lot. Its Herut leader, Haim Coru, will never do a proper job at the head of the faction unless he drops all involvement in the Jerusalem party branch, and concentrates more on the Knesset.

Coru could learn a lesson from two former Alignment chief whips, Moshe Baran and Moshe Wertman, who ate, drank and breathed Knesset around the clock. Once he becomes totally immersed in his parliamentary job, he will more easily be able to persuade his Likud colleagues to stop walking around like potential ministers and deputy ministers, trying to make friends, and influence people, instead of giving parliamentary assignments their first priority.

ONE OF THE MORE inconsistent members of the Likud faction is Gusha Cohen. She moved heaven and earth to create a new Committee on Immigration, Absorption, and the

Jewish people. She held a number of meetings, and even went off to the UN General Assembly for two months, paralyzing her minutes and leaving the hapless comers to fend for themselves. Another Likud Member, Nissim, can do a great deal to prove his faction, when he is Cabinet as the Liberals' minister. He would be just the choice to serve as liaison between the Cabinet and the K because of his wide political experience, his legal mind, and perseverance.

The Aguda Members are down well to the coalition never had it so good. Satisfying the exemption from IDP as yeshiva students and orthodox the "Who's a Jew" issue, w never troubled their comu the Poale Aguda's Rabbi Kahana is going to pester t tion from the outside.

He was never asked to jo was a big insult, and yet I have no prospect of getting folk for his one-man faction not demand less, since already a deputy ministe past. He is under great from his party to resign and more politically influential, Werdiger, the next on the the only way he can do dignity is to resign after jo Cabinet, which is impossi dilemma for a politician!

The main aspiration of man Shelli faction in the wi will be to serve as a rallying a dovish Socialist-Zionist li only hope of success w drawing support from t ment, especially from the wing, which is not very lik ing that, Aryeh Eliav and I will remain assiduous p tarians, trying to draw notice as possible for their

IN THE EXTREME left o Democratic Front for F Equality (formerly the K munist Party — Rakah) is to maintain a moderate presence during the win without being too aggresi time being.

The message which it e be receiving from Moscow admonition-cum-moderat DFPE wants to prove t munist are anxious to co with all "peace loving" suggest the possibility of diplomatic relations bet Communist bloc and Israel Kremlin's term, of course

One reason the DFPE s be taking it easy at the Km is that it has not yet digest Jack-in-the-box, Charlie B: Charlie's surreptitious of the Likud's Ehud Olmer, DFPE leadership, who, preached correct parli conduct. That leadership, very few electoral votes. Biton for, will never trust record some of their, a delicate conversations and of them one day, if it ever book.

READERS' LETTERS

REMEMBERING THE HOLOCAUST

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, — In his article attacking Moshe Kohn's stand in favour of moving Holocaust Day to Tisha Be'Av (September 28), Meir Merhav did not stick to the point of why he thinks Holocaust Day should not be incorporated into Tisha Be'Av. He used his article to persuade the reader to share his antipathy for his fellow Jews who, although living in our land, do not speak Hebrew nor defend its borders.

Merhav did not give any real reasons for not changing the date of Holocaust Day except that he is not willing to remember these martyrs, both Jewish and non-Jewish, on a day that coincides with Judaic and religious history. This is not a valid argument.

One must bear in mind that Prime Minister Menachem Begin proposed this change, and not Moshe Kohn or any Ben Brak Jew. Begin, himself a Holocaust survivor, is certainly interested in perpetuating Holocaust Day. He is also an avid reader of history in general and Jewish history in particular. He knows that during our long history, there have been many minor Holocaust Days to remember anti-Semitic massacres, but their dates have been forgotten due to other catastrophes that have befallen us. Only such dates as Tisha Be'Av and Purim (lehavdil) have remained throughout the centuries due to their connection with religious rites.

Prime Minister Begin wants the Holocaust to be remembered even after the survivors have passed away. History has demonstrated that this can best be accomplished by attaching it to Judaic ritual.

YAAKOV BEN SHAUL
Jerusalem.

HAIR DYEING

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, — I am offended at Wendy Ben-Hadida's article on hair dyeing (September 20). She states that "every woman seeing those first silver glints (grey hair) feels a pang of regret." Fortunately, most women I know have cast off that absurd role model of woman as a dumb creature who cares only about her external appearance.

For women concerned with cancer caused by hair dyeing, Wendy Ben-Hadida suggests scalp shampoos and other questionable practices. A better solution would be to help women (and men) to realize that getting older is a beautiful part of G-d's plan, and that the wisdom that comes with age is more beautiful than all the world's hair dyes.

DOV KLEIN
Jerusalem.

BEETHOVEN'S FIFTH

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, — With reference to Helga Dudman's article, "A presence in Lebanon" (September 30), may I point out that Beethoven's Ninth Symphony has nothing to do with "V for victory." It is Beethoven's Fifth Symphony which was associated with the idea of victory for two reasons:

1. The Roman numeral for five is V — hence the "V for victory" slogan.
2. The leit-motiv of the Fifth Symphony corresponds phonetically to the letter V in the Morse alphabet.

With regard to the language of prayers, it is the Maronite or Oriental Catholic Church which uses Arabic, and the Greek Catholic church which uses Aramaic or ancient Syriac, and not the other way round.

E.E. FARHI
Tel Aviv

Ministry of Transport and Communications
Driving and Vehicle Services

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF TIP-UP LORRIES

All special loading permits issued for tip-up lorries will cease to be valid on November 1, 1977, and from that date permitted load capacities and total vehicle weights will be as recorded on form Resh-Shin/851 or the vehicle licence.

Vehicle importers will continue to provide new weight forms (Resh-Shin/851) until the end of October only. Arrangements for registering vehicles should be made by phone with one of the following:

1. Miller & Co. Ltd., Tel Aviv, Tel. (03) 290221 Daimler-Benz and
2. Kolmogor Ltd., Haifa, Tel. (04) 512226 Scania
3. Levinson Bros. Ltd., Tel Aviv, Tel. (03) 622671 — Autocar and White
4. Moshe Carusso Sons Ltd., Tel Aviv, Tel. (03) 33241 — Daf
5. Shacham Ltd., Tel Aviv, Tel. (03) 30845 — Volvo
6. Consolidated Near East Co. of Israel, Tel. (03) 256361 — Man (Also Maayan Zvi and Jordan Valley service garages.)
7. Mediterranean Car Agency Ltd., Tel. (03) 39777 — Fiat
8. M.L.G. Ashdod, Tel. (055) 31141 — Leyland, Mack, Albion, Scammell

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- a. Upper Galilee Coop., Kiryat Shmona, Tel. (067) 40715
- b. Ezer Eter Coop., Maabarot P.O., Tel. (055) 38386/7
- c. Hanegev Coop., Masmya, Tel. (055) 92161
- d. Hakosh Garage, Rishon LeZion, Tel. (03) 942227
- e. Mizrahi Tovana, Beersheba, Tel. (057) 74861
- f. West Galilee Coop., Industrial Zone, Nahariya, Tel. (04) 921653

Vehicles of makes not represented by one of the above importers/manufacturers will be dealt with by the Chief Technical Tester at a Licensing Office.

The owners of tip-up lorries are asked to conform to these changes immediately from the beginning of November, 1977, the police will make checks on the basis of form Resh-Shin/851 or the details recorded on the vehicle licence.

DAVID YACHIN, Licensing Authority

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